

الوحدة الأولى Unit one Mr Hesham Mr: Hesham Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1- Do you read newspapers (either – neither – both – each) digital or printed version? 2-What do you think is the (rule - role - roll - ruler) of newspapers in society today?. 3- A ----- newspaper has small pages and large photos .lt uses short stories. a) dictionary b) broadsheet c) timetable d) tabloid 4-Tabloid newspapers use simple language and large ------ including funny rhymes or jokes 1 a) headlines b) emails c) headache d) addresses 5- A ----- newspaper is a more formal newspaper with large pages. a) dictionary b) broadsheet c) timetable 6-Articles in broadsheet newspaper are more ----- and use larger sentences and paragraphs b) good d) small a) nice c) factual 7-You should cheer up because the news (are – is – were – have) encouraging. 8-I read an (article – book – magazine – leaflet) on environmental issues in the newspaper. 9-Broadsheet newspapers have (less – more – few – fewer) photos than tabloid ones. 10- Can you summarise the difference between tabloid newspapers and broadsheet -----? a) another b) ones c) twice d) others 11- A plane skidded (in – on – of – off) the runway at an international airport. 12- The accident was a scary (experiment – exhibit - experience – expiry) 13- None of the passengers or the plane's ------ were hurt in the incident. a) staff b) crew c) team d) family. 14-The plane's nose was (close – open – shut – start) to the water's edge. 15- Have you ever (done -expelled - spoken - experienced) an accident like that? 16- I work as a (report – exporter – reporter – importer) for a national newspaper. 17- There is a long (queue – raw – row - quarter) in front of the baker's. 18- In an official -----, the minister formally announced his resignation أعلن الاستقالة. a) sentence b) essav c) statement d) paragraph 19- The -----is a large area of rock with a very steep side often at the edge of the sea. a) cliff b) cave c) reefs d) hill are Egyptians . الضحايا are Egyptians a) ports b) reports c) certificates d) reform 21-Many of the roads went along cliffs. They were so dangerous that he felt ----- to death a) scared b) scary c) scaring d) frightening 22-The manager told us to ----- the building because there was a fire. a) complain b) vaccinate c) evacuate d) locate 23-The police have closed the train station because there has been an a) event b) incident c) ambulance d) angle 24-There have been ----- temperatures in North America which has brought snow. a) hot b) heat c) mild 25-Scientists hope to develop an ----- that uses solar energy to fly. a) aircraft d) evacuation. b) incident c) amplifier

Mr Hesham	2 U	الوحدة الأولي Init one	2 Mr: Hesham
26- I didn't like that	t film . It was (inte	resting – nice – surprising	յ – terrifying)
27-Look ! They are	into	the water to catch fish.	
a) playing	b) swimming	c) plunging	d) sleeping
28-All the children	denied	the cake , but there is no	one left.
a) eat	b) eating	c) to eat	d) eaten
29is a s	strong adjective m	eaning extremely frighten	ed .
а) Нарру	b) Glad	c) terrific	d) Terrifying
30- An	is an event, esp	ecially one that is unusua	l , important or violent.
a) incident	b) insomnia	c) atmosphere	d) atrophy .
31- To be	is to be frightene	ed of something , or nervo	us about something.
a) scare	b) scary	c) scared	d) sacred
32- Tois	to make someone	believe something that is	not true by false information.
a) misunderstand	b) mislead	c) misprint	d) mistake
33- Toi	s to say something	g is true although it hasn't	been proved
a) reclaim	b) claim	c) locate	d) dissuade
34 to a	ask for something	in a very strict and serious	s way.
a) demand	b) offer	c) send	d) joke
35- An / A	is someone w	ho behaves in a dishones	t way in order to get something
a) doctor	b) pilot	c) cheat	d) blacksmith .
36is v	vhen someone ille	gally copies and sells son	neone's work
a) Private	b) Piracy	c) Petrify	d) Panic
37 – To	- is to completely s	spoil something	
a) ruin	b) run	c) pour	d) blame
38-To be	is an extrem	e adjective meaning very	surprised and upset .
a) afraid	b) sad	c) shocked	d) pleased
39- To	is to happer	n or exist in a particular pl	ace or situation.
a) take	b) overcome	c) come	d) occur
40- Waiting with	means w	aiting with a lot of nervou	sness and excitement.
a) patience		c) bated breath	d) happiness
41- The police	that the	ree criminals took part in t	the robbery.
a) claimed	b) ruined	c) blamed	d) demanded
42- A terrible accid	lent	- on the road to Suez yest	erday.
a) came	b) occurred	c) watched	d) saw
43-He used his mo	bile to help him in	the test He was accused	of being a
a) faithful	b) loyal	c) cheat	d) honest
44-The workers at	the factory	better pay and sh	orter working hours .
a) delayed	b) claimed	c) said	d) demanded
45- Downloading n	nusic from some w	vebsites on the internet wi	thout payingis
a) piracy	b) privacy	c) patent	d) punctuality
46- All this mud is	going to (mend -	repair - fix - ruin) your sl	noes.



Mr Hesham 3	لأولى	الوحدة ا	Mr: Hesham
47- The parents were deep	lyby the dea	th of their only daughter.	
a) shocked b) plo	eased c) joyfu	ıl d) delighted	
48- He waited for a reply to		ed – bitten – hated) brea	th .
49- To be is to	give equal attention to all	sides or opinions.	
· ·	unfair c) cruel	d) balanced	k
50is a strong for	eeling in favour of or aga	nst one group of people	or one side'
_	Bio c) Due to	-	
51 – He is a successful bu	sinessman. He succeeds	in an enormou	s fortune.
a) doing b)	making c) giving	d) losing	
51- What are the middle pa	ragraphs in the essay ca	lled?	
· ·		introduction d. topic	sentence
52- The writer tries to make			_
	persuasive c) exp		iptive
53- I will complain to my no a) of b) o			
54- My mother always com	,	,	
55-It was very cold in winter	er. I didn't have a coat an	d I was	
, , , ,	•	zing d) petrifie	
56- The news story about t			-
a) mislead b) spii	•	•	
57- When you want to intro			-
a) in the other way b) on	, •	•	e side
58- At the top of a tabloid i	•		
, ,	our name c) a ph	, .	stion
59-When writing a formal r			
,	xclamation marks c)a	, ,	ive forms
60 technical diffic		_	ons .
·	ue to c) since	•	
61- He wasn't vaccinated a		•	
·	ecause c) cons	• •	ıgn.
62- All the passengers on	_	•	
,	oroad c) boar	,	
63- On seeing the snake co	•		- death.
a) from b) of	c) by	d) to	
64- Important or		·	y.
l <u>-</u>	c) mon	•	
65-Ras Mohammed is one	·		
,	nservations c) rese	•	ve
66- We can use clay to ma	•	•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	tery d) alum	inum
67- The important finds we		•	
a) dig b) dig	ging c) dug	d) digs	3



Mr Hesham 4 Unit one الوحدة الأولي 4 Mr: Hesham
68-A huge ship called " Ever Given " the Suez canal in 2021
a) blocked b) opened c) started d) began
69- This newspaper doesn't give a /anpoint of view .They adopt one team.
a) balanced b) inaccurate c) omission d) spin
70-They put their team's report at the top of the page when they win .This is bias by
a) placement b) inaccurate c) omission d) spin
71- He always a (inaccurate – spin – omission – balanced) on his stories .
72- We use to (conclude – sum up – end – begin) with to introduce a new topic.
73- We use (due to – whilst – because – consequently) to give contrasting ideas.
74- We use (due to – whilst – because – consequently) to give the result of something.
75- To (guess – personally – conclude - begin with) is to give a summary of the main points
76- We use (guess – personally – conclude - begin with)to give an opinion
77- Don't touch the (exhibits – exhibition – tourists – people) displayed in the museum.
78- The ship went off its fixed (route – road – platform – pavement) in the sea.
79- Stunning is the synonym of (petrified – amazing – frightening – boring)
80 Discover is the antonym to (uncover – find out – bury – see)
81- The word monuments is equal in meaning to the word (antiquities – quits – calm – cuts)
82- We can't build houses here because there is a (marsh – file – handcuffs – leg irons)
83- The metal was sharp and rough , so we used a to make it smooth .
a) file b) film c) find d) fluid
84- The police arrested the man and put on to stop him moving his hands.
a) leg irons b) bracelet c) rings d) handcuffs.
85-They put their walking boots on and set (up - of - off - in)early in the morning. 86- In the past,all villages have a who could make things from metal.
a) carpenter b) butcher c) blacksmith d) chemist
87-We saw some who were being taken to prison.
a) conducts b) convicts c) contracts d) courses
88- Criminals wore on their ankles to stop them from running away .
a) leg irons b) shoes c) sandals d) boots .
89- I ran to the shops and when I got my back , i asked for bread!
a) breathe b) breath c) death d) health 90- When Tarek saw the huge , angry camel , he really jumped out of his
a) leg b) face c) blood d) skin
91- The police think that the man (made – committed – given – put) the crime last week.
92- The government promises to victims of the flood.
a) compensate b) complain c) consolidate d) neglect
93-Experts are investigating the possible for all sides.
a) casual b) casualties c) causality d) causes 94-The police won't know the cause of the accident until they everything.
a) invest b) visit c) investigate d) negotiate
95-The hostess that we should fasten the seat-belt before the plane takes off.
a) annoys b) pronounces c) supports d) announces
96- She was accused (by – off – with – of) violation the copyright.

	Mr Hesham 5 Exercises on grammar تمارین قواعد 5 Mr: Hesham
9	1- I once used to the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time.
	a) reading b) read c) was reading d) had read
	2- What when I called you? You sounded very busy.
	a) did you do b) do you do c) had you done d) were you doing
	3- When I my homework, my sister was listening to music.
	a) did b) was doing c) is doing d) would do
	4- I (had gone – have gone – went – go) to the museum in 2015.
Ĭ	5- Yesterday evening, wefor our English test when all the lights went out.
Ĭ	a) had revised b) were revising c) revised d) revising
Š	6 - My mother made me a cake. Itof lemons.
3	a) was tasting b) tasted c) would taste d) had tasted
8	7—I'd rather you with your sister as she needs your support.
	a) were going b) have gone c) had gone d) went 8-After Mona had played the piano, sheher sister with her homework
	a) was helping b) helping c) is helping d) helped
	9- Ahmed didn't do any revision last night , (has he – had he – he did – did he) ?
	10- (On – While – During – Just as) my stay in London, I learnt English
	11- What at eight o'clock yesterday evening?
	a) were you doing b) did you do c) you were doing d) do you do
	12-My mother used to tidy my room but now she (is – isn't – does – doesn't)
Ĭ	13- (On – While – during - As) seeing the car accident until I called the ambulance.
Ĭ	14- At the age of seven, my parents (taking- were taken – take – took) me to Jordan.
Ý	15-He (gave – was given has given – had given) a prize for a drawing of an animal.
	16-Someone phoned me while I the dinner .
3	a) cook b) was cooked c) am cooking d) was cooking
8	17-While my car I went to the cafe to drink coffee.
7	a)was mending b) was being mended c) has mended d) had mended 18-While my mother was doing the washing up, my baby sister
7	18-While my mother was doing the washing up, my baby sister after.
	a) was looking b) has been looked c) was being looked d) had looked
	20-He need much sleep but he does now
	a) didn't use to b) isn't used to c) used d) uses
	21- While (playing – played – was playing – is playing) football , he fell down.
	22-While finishing one story, he of another one
	a) thinks b) is thinking c) was thinking d) has thought.
	23- When I was young, I football with my friends every day.
	a) played b) play c) was playing d) am playing
Ĭ	24- Why are you still in bed. It's time you (get – got – to get – getting) up
Ĭ	25- (While – During – On – Just) in Alexandria , i went to the sea a lot .
٧П	20-11ave you met the manager (just - yet - ever - since) :
8	27- Dalia has practised her hobby (since – for – yet – recently) a long time.
8	28- Reham (visits - has visited - is visiting -visit) London recently
	29- They (have been – have gone – had gone - gone) to the USA. They are in Cairo now.
	30- She (has left – leaves – left – would leave) for work already
W 1	31- Have you eaten all these bananas (ever – never – already – since)? .
И	32- Samir and Nagy (were – have gone – have been – had been) friends all their lives.



تمارین قواعد Exercises on grammar Mr: Hesham Mr Hesham 33- I have known him (since – when – for – ago) we joined the university. 34-Noha has (already – yet – never – ever) cleaned her room. It looks nice now. 35-Adel has graduated from university (for - since - in - until) 2003. 36-We have lived in Cairo since we (have married – married – get married – marry) 37-The manager has met many people (when – on – after -since) he arrived at his office. 38- It's five hours since she (has come - come - coming - came) back home. 39-He (eats – has eaten – had eaten – is eating) three sandwiches up till now 40-This tree (grew – grows – will grow – has grown) phenomenally tall over the years. 41-They (lived – have lived – were living – live) in Luxor since 2015. 42-I can't phone my parents because I (lost – was losing – have lost -lose) my phone. 43- Nawal hasn't studied the present (already – yet – ago – recent) 44- The plane (left – already left – just left - has just left). I can see it in the sky! 45- My uncle has lived abroad (for – already – yet- since) five years ago. 46-Hala cannot play tennis because she (hurt – had hurt – hurts - has hurt) her hand 47-Basel is not hungry because he (has eaten – eats – is eaten –ate) a big lunch. 48- We can't go home by bus because the last bus(left – has left – leaves - had left) 49- She graduated last year. She (has studied – studied – will study – studies) here for 4 years 50-Hamid's hair is wet because he (has - had had - has had - had) a shower. 51-Radwa doesn't know what flying is like as she (flies-flew - has never flown- not flies). 52-What have you (ever - yet - since - never) done that you would like to do? 53-How long have you studied English (ago – just – since – for)? 54-(For - Until - About - Since) when have you lived in your home? **55- I have never eaten shrimps (** ever – by – before – after) 56 - Where is your father? My father (has been - has gone - had gone - had been) to Cairo. 57- (Since – For – Ago – When) then, i haven't approached any dog. 58- My sister married last week .She ------ since two years ago. a) has been engaged b) has engaged d) is engaged c) had been engaged Mr Hesham الاختبار الأول Mr: Hesham Test one Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: I wish Leila (was – had been – is – is doing) ready now to go to the shops. Hesham (walked - had walked - was walking - has walked) to school already. Mohamed (was sleeping - is sleeping - has slept - sleep) when I arrived home . Eman has done the housework (since – while – for – before) 3 hours ago. 5- Naguib Mahfouz (writes - has written - is writing - wrote) a lot of famous novels. 6- He didn't respond as he (was thinking - thinks - has thought - thought) of his problems. 7 - (On -during - While - As) her sleep, she had a nightmare so she woke up frightened. 8- My father (said – threatened – promised – warned) me not to smoke. 9 - The teacher (finished – didn't finish – hasn't finished – will finish) the lesson yet. One of these trees (was – were – is – are) pruned the other day. 11 Father, (this – that – these – those) my best friend, Ahmed. The oxen went into the water to wash (itself – themselves – himself – herself) 13. Which sentence is correct? a. Nada said, "My father is a teacher." b. Nada said "My father is a teacher." c. Nada said, "my father is a teacher." d. Nada said, "My father is a teacher?"



	Mr Hesham	7 T	est one	الاختبار الأول		7	Mr: Hesham
14.	When the ship	was about to sink	, most of	f the passeng	ers were		
а. р	leased	b. terrifying		c. petrified		d. c	lelighted
15.	Which word in	n the following sent	ence is a	n adverb " ur	nfortunately	, She	lost the game "?
	ame	b. fortunatel					d. She
		s – bees – bats - bia					
	•	e looking for a (vic			aby) who e	scape	d from prison
18.	What is the las	st paragraph in the	essay ca	illed?			
	onclusion	b. body p	aragraph	c. i	ntroduction		d. exposition
19	The film is v	ery popular so ther	e is a lor	ng	· in front of t	he cir	nema to watch it
		b) queues		c)			d) seats
		wspapers have larg					
	/lagazine				Broadsheet		
		eal and rob ships in					
	iracy	b) diploma			oravery		d) privacy
_		uake a lot					
	nanaged	b) ruine			nstructed		d) mended
		nix milk with water					
	cared			c) hon			d) cheats
24	Su	ıgar (happens – fin				lly in	fruit .
		!	D Daadin	a Comproher	scion		

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

It is often said in guidebooks that Egypt is the gift of the Nile. The Ancient Egyptians certainly must have believed this. Where else did their food come from except the rich black mud brought by the river during the annual floods? How could they transport their huge blocks of stone and their enormous statues? On the flood water of the Nile.

However, since the river is now controlled in Egypt by the High Dam at Aswan, there is no longer a flood every year as there used to be in the past. There are some people who see the High Dam as a mixed blessing. One disadvantage is that the Nile no longer brings the mineral-rich mud which used to feed the soil.

By the year 2025, Egypt will suffer from shortage of water.

As the population grows, so more people will need water for drinking, washing, etc. At the same time, more water will also be needed to irrigate land in the desert to provide a suitable environment for the growing population. So what can be done? Water can be re-cycled, that is to say, some waste water can be purified and re-used. Engineers can also search for more water underground. However, the Nile will always remain the major source of water for the country. Yet, the river upon which Egypt relies begins thousands of kilometres to the south, and is shared by other countries in Africa. Both Egypt and Sudan receive water from sources in Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda, Zaire, Rwanda and Burundi. What would happen if these decided they needed more of water from the Nile? The answer is co-operation. Agriculture in Egypt depends almost entirely on irrigation, as there is hardly any rain. This is not true of some of the other Nile states, such as Uganda. Dams could therefore be built in these countries to provide water storage for Egypt at the same time, to provide a source of energy. Efforts could also be made to reduce the large loss. These are issues which will concern all the countries of the Nile in the next century in order to ensure that there is enough water for everyone.



Mr Hesham 8 Test one רוציביע ועפט 1 By the year 2025, Egypt will suffer from	ham
Choose the correct answer from a, b , c , or d :	
1 By the year 2025, Egypt will suffer from of water.	G
a) lack b) increase c) growth d) rise	G
2 Other Nile basin countries depend on agriculture	C C
a) water of the Nile b) rain water c) wells d) recycled v	vater
3 Nile basin countries are in number.	
a) seven b) eight c) six d) four	
4 The high (wall – Dam – Fence – Building) protects Egypt from floods.	
5 Nile basin countries need dams to	Ö
a) irrigate their field b) generate electricity c) transport blocks of stone d) store wat	er
6 The underlined word "these "refers to	<u> </u>
a) Engineers b) Floods c) Nile states d) shortage of v	vater
7 What could be done to improve the water supply from the Nile?	
a) use it b) waste it c) recycle it d) cycle it	<u>`</u>
8 Do you think The High Dam has brought only good things?	
a) Yes , of course b) definitely c) I don't know d) No , it has demerits	, too
9 Explain what you think the phrase 'mixed blessing' means.	a d
a) It has pros and cons b) It has drawbacks c) It has merits d) It has advar	itages
10 The Nile was important to the Ancient Egyptians as they used it to	
a) transport goods b) grow crops c) generate electricity d) both a	& b
2) Read the following passage, then answer the questions:	ľ
Hi Dalia,	
You asked me to tell you about the interview that I had on Tuesday. It did not start very	C
well. My appointment was at eight o'clock so I had to get up very early. Then there was a	
downpour as I was walking to the office so I was very wet when I arrived. However, there	
were two other people who were there for interviews too, and they also got wet!	
When it was my turn, the manager was very friendly. He looked at my CV and said that I	
had excellent qualifications. Then he asked me to describe myself. I said that I was socia	able
and conscientious. He asked me if I spoke any languages. I told him that I spoke English	
ն fluently. Then he asked me if I had done any volunteering. I told him that I often helped a	it 🖁
a local charity for poor and disadvantaged children. He also asked me about my free tim	e 🕻
activities. I told him that I enjoyed weightlifting. He said that he found that surprising but	t c
also impressive!	6
He asked me why I wanted to work for his company. I explained that <u>it</u> had a very good	
reputation and that I had always wanted to work as a tour guide in a big organisation.	
At the end of the interview, he said that I was an excellent candidate and I was qualified	to
do the job. He explained that he would make up his mind about who would get the job in	
the next few days. I really hope that I get it. Write soon.	
Best wishes,	c c
Ola	6
1 Which of these questions did the manager ask?	
a Do you do volunteering? b Can you do volunteering?	
c Have you done any volunteering? d Why don't you do volunteering?	
2 Which information did the manager find surprising?	
a Ola helps a charity. b Ola was wet. c Ola is fluent in English. d Ola likes weightl	ifting
had excellent qualifications. Then he asked me to describe myself. I said that I was social and conscientious. He asked me if I spoke any languages. I told him that I spoke English fluently. Then he asked me if I had done any volunteering. I told him that I often helped a a local charity for poor and disadvantaged children. He also asked me about my free time activities. I told him that I enjoyed weightlifting. He said that he found that surprising but also impressive! He asked me why I wanted to work for his company. I explained that it had a very good reputation and that I had always wanted to work as a tour guide in a big organisation. At the end of the interview, he said that I was an excellent candidate and I was qualified to the job. He explained that he would make up his mind about who would get the job in the next few days. I really hope that I get it. Write soon. Best wishes, Ola 1 Which of these questions did the manager ask? a Do you do volunteering? b Can you do volunteering? c Have you done any volunteering? d Why don't you do volunteering? 2 Which information did the manager find surprising? a Ola helps a charity. b Ola was wet. c Ola is fluent in English. d Ola likes weightl 3 Why did the manager want to know if she had done any volunteering? a) Because he can't pay her b To find out if she is a kind person.	
To this did the manager want to know it she had done any volunteering:	
ն a) Because he can't pay her . b To find out if she is a kind person.	

	Mr Hesham 9	rest one	الاختبار الأول	9 Mr: Hesham
C	Because he works for	a charity.	d As he needs someon	e to work with children.
<i>4</i>	What is the main idea	of the email?		
а	Ola knows she has go	ot the job. b Ola	doesn't know if she ha	as got the job yet.
<u></u>	Ola can't get the job.		y Ola will start the job i	n a few days.
5	What does the under	<mark>lined word " it ' refer</mark>	to?	
/1	<u> </u>	b the job	c the manager	d the company
6	What do you think tha		ans?	
		b having problems	c strong	d voluntary
	When was Ola's interv			
_		o) Sunday	c)Monday	d) Tuesday
		.		she was going to be
	, ,	a teacher	c) a journalist	d) an ambassadress
•				a must for every house.
•	•	,	•	الم تعد الأجهزة الحديثة متعة
_	**	<u>'</u>	4*	ج لم تعد الأجهزة التقليدية ترفا،
<u>2</u>	We should exploit ou			
		7 7	لبيعية للنهوض باقتصادنا الف	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
				ب يجب أن نستغل مصادرنا ال
		•		ج يجب أن نستغل مصادرنا ال
1 _		مي المصري.		د يجب أن نستغل مصادرنا ال
	N Francisco the month	avasiava Abiravia avv		٣- الحرية هي اثمن شيء في حي
	a) Freedom is the most		riite and we should kee	ep π.
	s) Equality is the most n	raajaua thina in aur	life and we should kee	n it
~	,	_	life and we should kee	-
C	Freedom is the most	delicious thing in ou	r life and we should ke	ep it.
C	c) Freedom is the most of the	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa	ep it. ste it.
C	c) Freedom is the most of the	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa يُــــّة سوف تغير وجه العالم ف <mark>م</mark>	ep it. ste it. <u>1- إن النهضة التكنولوجية الحدي</u>
a	t) Freedom is the most of the	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou <u>ب القرن الحادي والعشريز</u> science will change	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa <mark>ئة سوف تغير وجه العالم فم</mark> the world face in the t	ep it. ste it. <u>١- إن النهضة التكنولوجية الحدي</u> wenty first century.
o co	t) Freedom is the most of the most of the freedom is the most of t	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou <u>القرن الحادي والعشرين</u> science will change renaissance will ch	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa ثقة سوف تغير وجه العالم فم the world face in the t ange the world face in	ep it. ste it. ste it. <u>ان النهضة التكنولوجية الحدي</u> wenty first century. the twenty first century.
a	c) Freedom is the most of the most of the freedom is the most of t	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change ا renaissance will ch ا renaissance will ch	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa يُــــُّةُ سوف تغير وجه العالم فــٍ the world face in the t ange the world face in ange the world face in	ep it. ste it. ste it. <u>ان النهضة التكنولوجية الحدي</u> wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade.
a	n) Freedom is the most of the	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will ch renaissance will ch I renaissance will ex	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa يُّـةُ سوف تغير وجه العالم فر the world face in the t ange the world face in ange the world face	ep it. ste it. ste it. <u>ان النهضة التكنولوجية الحدي</u> wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first century. in the twenty first century.
	a) Freedom is the most of the	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will ch renaissance will ch I renaissance will ex Unit two	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa يُّـةُ سوف تغير وجه العالم فم the world face in the t ange the world face in change the world face الوحدة الثانية	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham
	c) Freedom is the most of the freedom is the most of t	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will ch renaissance will ch renaissance will ex Unit two at university in	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa يَّهُ سوف تغير وجه العالم فر the world face in the t ange the world face in ange the world face in change the world face الوحدة الثانية spired me to become	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher.
	c) Freedom is the most of the freedom is the most of t	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will change renaissance will change renaissance will ex Unit two at university in dictionary	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa تأة سوف تغير وجه العالم فر the world face in the tr ange the world face in ange the world face in change the world face الوحدة الثانية spired me to become c) style	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer
	c) Freedom is the most of the freedom is the most of t	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will change renaissance will change I renaissance will ex Unit two at university in dictionary stafa is a great	r life and we should ke r life and we should wa تأة سوف تغير وجه العالم فر the world face in the tr ange the world face in change the world face الوحدة الثانية spired me to become c) style for young femal	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt
	The property of the most of th	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will change renaissance will change renaissance will ex Unit two Unit two unit two stafa is a great	r life and we should ker r life and we should wa الله العالم في the world face in the tr ange the world face in ange the world face in change the world face الوحدة الثانية spired me to become c) style for young femal c) role model	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal
a k c c l a a a a a a	The property of the most of th	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou القرن الحادي والعشرين science will change renaissance will change renaissance will change I renaissance will ex Unit two Unit two ustafa is a great lecturer that all footballers	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa relife and we should wa the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face in the transport face in the world fac	ep it. ste it. ste it. yenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small.
	The property of the most of th	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou science will change I renaissance will cha I renaissance will ex Unit two Unit two Unit two stafa is a great I lecturer that all footballers scenario	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa relife and we should wa the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face in the transport face in the world face in t	ep it. ste it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small. d) scenery
	The property of the most of th	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou science will change I renaissance will change I renaissance will ex Unit two Unit two Unit two Unit two I dictionary I dictionary I stafa is a great I lecturer I that all footballers scenario I won a/an	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa relife and we should wa the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in the transport face in the world face in the transport face in the world face in th	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small. d) scenery ng the health emergency
	The sham I by English I can be shown in the most of	delicious thing in ou precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in our science will characters will character will character I renaissance will ex Unit two Unit two Unit two stafa is a great I lecturer that all footballers scenario won a/anaward	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa the ange the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face of style in the trange of trange of the trange of trange of the trange of trange of the trange of trange of the trange of trange of the tra	ep it. ste it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small. d) scenery ng the health emergency d) prize
	The present is the most of the present in the most of	delicious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou precious thing in ou science will change I renaissance will change I renaissance will ex Unit two Unit two Unit two Unit two I dictionary I dictionary I stafa is a great I that all footballers scenario won a/anaward award ard for many years	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa the ange the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face of style the condection of the trange of trange of the	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small. d) scenery ng the health emergency d) prize as a doctor.
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	The sham I have been a straight of the share of the shar	delicious thing in ou precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in science will change it renaissance will change it renaissance will ex Unit two at university in dictionary istafa is a great that all footballers scenario won a/an award ard for many years quality all made	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa the ange the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face of style c) style c) style c) role model are tall and strong. S c) scene c) scene c) gift and he has now c) qualified in helping to make the	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small. d) scenery ng the health emergency ng the health emergency d) prizeas a doctor. d) achieved e park look so beautiful.
	The sham I have been a straight of the share of the shar	delicious thing in ou precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in our precious thing in science will change it renaissance will change it renaissance will execute the control of the control	r life and we should ker life and we should wa relife and we should wa relife and we should was the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face in change the world face in the trange the world face of style consistency of the same tall and strong. So cone concect of the same tall and strong of the same tall and stron	ep it. ste it. ste it. wenty first century. the twenty first decade. in the twenty first century. Mr: Hesham an English teacher. d) lecturer e scientists in Egypt d) medal ome of them are small. d) scenery ng the health emergency d) prizeas a doctor. d) achieved e park look so beautiful. d) a fortune

Mr Hesham 10 Unit two الوحدة الثانية 10 Mr: Hesham
a) footballer b) artist c) physicist d) archaeologist
8- Taha Hussein wrote his and entitled it " Al-Aiam " " The Days ".
a) biography b) autobiography c) geography c) topography
9- Women are still facing (equality – freedom – prejudice – awards) in the workplace.
10- We are celebrating three Egyptian women who broke down stereotype.
a) mark b) remark c) remarkable d) colourful
11-These women that women's place in society is important .
a) demonstrate b) depreciate c) locate d) calculate
12 is the quality of trying to do something even when it is difficult.
a) Determination b) communication c) Education d) Interaction
13is a Japanese fighting sport , in which you use your feet and hands to hit and kid
a) Boxing b) Tennis c) Karate d) Chess
14-Sameera Moussa a big contribution to our knowledge of medical nuclear power.
a) did b) made c) held d) gained
15- Her life goal was to research ways (to – for – of – in) make medical treatment
16- Tickets are from the box office for all of you.
a) given b) valuable c) available d) enviable
17- She received a to study at the University of California in the USA.
a) hardship b) championship c) apprenticeship d) scholarship
18- She a PhD and became the first Egyptian woman to become a lecturer.
a) bought b) obtained c) succeeded d) drew
19-After her death , she was with an award of President Sadat's First Class Order .
a) received b) taken c) obtained d) honoured
20-Tois to give someone a particular position on a scale according to successetc
a) rank b) mark c) get d) give
21- Theis someone whose job is to prepare medicine in a shop or hospital.
a)pharmacy b) biologist c) activist d) pharmacist
22- NASA named a planet after her her contribution to science .
a) recognizing b) saying c) apologizing d) telling
23-Yasmeen is a role model(after – with – for – about) other young Egyptian women.
24-The beauty of the scene (defies – defines – delicate – denies) description .
25- She moved from Damietta to Cairo tothe Maadi STEM school.
a) blend b) attend c) intend d) pretend
26-Yasmeen's winning invention was by the need for cleaner water in her village.
a) spelled b) sent c) told d) sparked
27- Burning rice can produce a natural fuel which can be used to generate electricity.
a) straw b) stick c) grains d) canes
28-STEM schools give students the confidence to and defy prejudice .
a) eat b) cheat c) innovate d) evade
29-What impact do you think these women have had(in – of –at - on) Egyptian society ?



	Mr Hesham 11 Unit two الوحدة الثانية 11 Mr: Hesham
	30- The nuclear energy project will help Egypt more electricity in the future .
8	a) grade b) generate c) import d) lose
	31- Who is the most (inspiring – conspiring – spring – expiring) women? Sameera Moussa.
	32- The dealer takes a 20% on the sales he makes .
8	a) committee b) camp c) commission d) courage
	33-The US Open , Wimbledon French Open and the Australian Open are called
	a) Grand Slam b) Grandparents c)Grand Museum d) Grandfathers
8	34- A is a competition where there are a number people competing to win a cup.
	a) team b) tour c) tournament d)tower
	35- In tennis you play on a (cart – court – carrot – card) which can be made of clay or grass
	36-The first of sporting competition is when the opining game or match is played.
	a) round b) around c) rally d) regime
	37-In an interview after the match, she said she was proud what she had achieved.
	a) in b) on- c) off d) of
	38-She said she such fast courts and the heat .
	a) wasn't used to b) used to c) didn't use to d) uses to 39- Mayar became the first Egyptian woman to a match at a major tournament.
Š	a) earn b) beat c) win d) gain
	41-Our handball team can compete and the strongest teams all over the world.
	a) earn b) beat c) win d) lose
	42- Mo Salah, the Liverpool football had been giving her advice
Ĭ	a) stare b) store c) star d) stir
	43- Do you think theside of competing and sleeping helped her?
	a) mental b) metal c) metallic d) manual
	44- She has received a big from the Egyptian public after her win .
	a) react b) respond c) reaction d) interact
	45 Israel always puts to hinder the peace process .
	a) roses b) obstacles c) flowers d) flavours
	46- What Katy Did is still a big to many of today's female authors.
	a) inspiration b) respiration c) description d) separation
	46- Katy, 12 years old, had an accident on a broken and can't walk
	a) swim b) swindler c) suit d) swing.
	47- Ais a girl who like playing the same games as boys .
	a) tomboy b) boy c) man d) guy
	48- She always argues (to – with – about – on) her brothers and sister.
	49-The government does its best to care (by – with – about – of) medical care.
	50- She gets very impatient and (across – crucify – cross – cress) with everyone.
	51- Her cousin encouraged her (to be – being – to being – be) kinder and more cheerful.
	52-She must (do – give – take – make) the best of things or lose the love of her family.
	53- They presented their ideas at an international STEM (fair – far – fun – fare).
y	54- Girls often get better (goods – grades – oranges – games) than boys in STEM subjects.



<u> </u>	Mr Hesham 12 Unit two الوحدة الثانية 12 Mr: Hesham
	54- Do you think men and women have opportunities in the workplace?
	a) equal b) equality c) inequality d) equally
	55- The bar graph shows the of female doctors in certain countries .
	a) percent b) proportion c) percentage d) rate
	56- Each drop of water is very (unimportant – significant – insignificant – trivial)
	57-The antonym of majority is (large – immense – minority – massive)
	58-Lativa is a country which has (75%) of female doctors. It has three
8	a) quarters b) thirds c) squares d) halves
	59- We use however, but, yet and (consequently – thus – while – so) to show contrast.
	60- In conclusion is written at the (introduction – beginning – middle – end) of an essay.
	61- In conclusion, the most surprising about the graph is the big differences.
	a) figures b) figurative c) figs d) fiction
	62-Egypt aspires to an (economy – economic – economics – economical) development.
	63- In other there doesn't seem be any obvious pattern to the results .
Š	a) word b) wards c) words d) speech)
Ň	64- It is especially interesting to the very low number of women doctors in Japan.
Š	a) note b) say c) tell d) have
	65- A number of my students (has – have – is – was) got full marks.
X	65- The number of my trees (are – were – is – was) cut down last week.
X	66- She could see her face (reflected – objected – rejected – collected) in the car's windshield
Ĭ	67-He is grumpy : this means he is (bad – well – good – better)- tempered .
	68- We need to find (an alternative – a replacement – placement – alter) source of energy.
	69- We should work hard so as to (rise – arise – raise – arouse) our standard of living.
Ĭ	70- Players who are paid are called (professionals – professions – amateurs – fans)
ÿ	71- When hethe box, he heard something rattling around inside .
X	a) shake b) shook c) nodded d) shock
	72- The guide told us the Pharaoh spent a building his palace a) money b) pounds c) fortune d) fort
	73 -The mother of the (pride – bride – proud – brand) cried during the wedding
	74- The storm cut off the electricity so we had to use (candle - cradle - curl - crude)
	75-The man wasto Pip for bringing him something to eat .
	a) great b) greet c) grateful d) ungrateful
	76- If you don't (star – stare – stir – store) the sauce, it won't be smooth.
	77- He was (shy – shame – shyness – ashamed) that he had lied. 78- The bride wore a longon her head that matched her wedding dress.
	a) boots b) veil c) van d) vase
	79- Oliver's mother died of a broken (heart – lung – liver – kidney)
	80- The protagonist had a heart of She was cruel to everyone .
	a) gold b) silver c) mercy d) stone
	81- I had a change of (heart – teeth – eye – skin) and decided to stay longer reading.
	82- The synonym of ashamed is (embarrassed – shy – trusted – confident) 83- Tois to control a feeling or a problem that prevents you from achieving something
	a) come h) get c) have d) overcome

تمارین قواعد Exercises on grammar تمارین قواعد	13 Mr: Hesham
1- Ifor two hours before the light went out.	
a) studied b) was studying c) had studied	d) had been studying m
2- As soon as I arrived home , I realised that I my keys.	
a) had been losing b) have lost c) was losing 3- Hardly written the report when she handed it to me. a) she had b) did she c) had she 4- My friend to give me the mobile until he had watched to a) didn't b) refused c) wasn't 5- After I my friend I realised that I forgot to give him the a) will invite b) invite c) have invited 6- His clothe were dirty because he his car by himself. a) has mended b) had been mending c) has been mending 7- I met Sally yesterday. I her since she left our village. a) didn't see b) haven't seen c) hadn't seen 8- It wasn't (when – until – after – before) he had arrived that the lig 9- she had been sleeping all day before my mother her. a) awoke b) had awoken c) awakes	d) had lost.
3- Hardly written the report when she handed it to me.	
a) she had b) did she c) had she	d) she has
4- My friend to give me the mobile until he had watched t	the video.
a) didn't b) refused c) wasn't	d) won't
5- After I my friend I realised that I forgot to give him the	address.
a) will invite b) invite c) have invited	d) had invited.
6- His clothe were dirty because he his car by himself.	
a) has mended b) had been mending c) has been mendi	ng d) is mending.
7- I met Sally yesterday. I her since she left our village.	
a) didn't see b) haven't seen c) hadn't seen	d) won't see
8- It wasn't (when – until – after – before) he had arrived that the lig	jht went out.
9- she had been sleeping all day before my mother her.	
a) awoke b) had awoken c) awakes	d) has awoken
10-(On – In – By – At)6:00 pm yesterday,I had done many jobs at	home.
11- I once used to the newspaper every day. Now I don't h	
a) reading b) read c) was reading	d) had read
12- As soon as we arrived at school, the first lesson	d\ banan
a) begun b) beginning c) had begun. 13- Ialready seen the film before I read the book.	d) began
a) have b) had c) has	d) will have
14- What when I called you? You sounded very busy	4)
a) did you do b) do you do c) had you done	d) were you doing
15-I my own computer for three years before anything we	nt wrong with it.
a) 'd had b) has had c) was having	d) have
a) 'd had b) has had c) was having 16- While sheher homework, my sister was listening a) did b) was doing c) is doing 17- Ito the museum in 2015.	ig to music.
7 a) did b) was doing c) is doing 17- I to the museum in 2015	d) would do
a) had gone b) have gone c) went	d) go
18- Yesterday evening, wefor our English test when all th	ne lights went out.
a) had revised b) were revising c) revised	
19- My mother made me a cake. Itof lemons.	
a) was tasting b) tasted c) would taste c	d) had tasted
220- It was dark when we reached the beach because the sun	own.
a) was going b) has gone c) had gone d) 21- After Mona had played the piano, sheher sister with he	weni r homework
a) was helping b) helping c) is helping d) h	relped
22-No sooner met my father than I asked him for money	- F
a) have l b) had l c) l had d) l	l did
23-What did you do after school yesterday?	
a) had left b) left c) leave d) le	eaving

W.	Mr Hesham 14 Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham
8	24- What at eight o'clock yesterday evening?
3	a) were you doing b) did you do c) you were doing d) do you do
	25-What had you done you had breakfast this morning? a) while b) before c) as soon as d) after
3	26-What games did youto play with your friends?
3	a) used to b) used c) are used d) use
8	27- The car until I had paid the mechanic
	a) repaired b) didn't repair c) was repaired d) wasn't repaired
	28- At the age of seven, my parents
	a) are taking b) were taking c) took d) take
X	a) gave b) was given c) has given d) had given
X	30-Someone phoned me while I the dinner .
X	a) cook b) was cooked c) am cooking d) was cooking
	31-While my car I went shopping.
X	a)was mending b) was being mended c) has mended d) had mended
	32-write my mother was doing the washing up, my baby sister
	33- We had hardly taken the photograph he showed it to his friend.
	a) when b) than c) after d) before
	34-As soon as the robbers they were taken to jail.
	a) had arrested b) had been arrested c) were arresting d)are arrested
	35 seeing the fire , I called the fire brigade . a) While b) When c) On d) Before
	a) While b) When c) On d) Before 36- It wasn't I had seen the film that I slept.
	a) after b) before c) when d) till
	a) after b) before c) when d) till 37- As soon as I went to school , I realized that I my homework.
	a) lose b) was losing c)would lose d) had lost
	38-He need much sleep, but he does now
V	a) didn't use to b) isn't used to c) used d) uses 39- While football , he fell down.
Ÿ	a) played b) playing c) was playing d) had played
8	40-My last e-mail to six of my friends before the light went out
ÿ	a) send b) had been sending c) has been sent d) is sent
3	41-This is the (hard-harder – less hard-hardest) test I've ever taken.
3	42- He was not (helpful– as helpful– more helpful – less helpful) as his colleagues. 43-He is not (so – more – less – lessen) reliable as his friend.
3	44-My flat is (more big – less big – biggest – the biggest) than yours.
3	45-You didn't do as (more – less – least – much) work as I did.
8	46-Her friend is (wealthy – wealthiest – wealthier – wealthiest) than her.
8	47-My car is (less – more – least – most) small than yours.
8	48-Nobody here is (efficient – as efficient as – most efficient than – as efficient) Peter. 49-It was (more foolish – less foolish – foolish – least foolish) of her to waste all her money.
X	50-Mobiles are (as and more – more and so – much and more – more and more) popular
X	51-French is (many – most – much – more) easier than English.
゚゚゚゚゚゚゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽヹ゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽヹ゚゚ヽ	52-A (few – few more – Less – little) students enrolled on our course than last year.



Mr Hesham تمارین قواعد Exercises on grammar Mr: Hesham 53-The (less – least – most – much) fat you eat, the healthier you become. 54-I don't read as (much – more – most – many) books as you do. 55- This car is not as old (so – as – that – than) my car. 56- Ahmad is the (better - best – lest – last) student of the two brothers. 57- Arabic is the (easier – easiest – more easy -most easy) subject. 58- Challenger deep is the deepest part (on – of – off – in) all the oceans. 59- Everest is higher (as – than – so – of) Kilimanjaro. 60- This film is the (more – not more –most – less) interesting film I have never seen. Mr Hesham الاختبار الثاني Mr: Hesham Test two 1- As soon as I arrived home, I realised that I ----- my mobile at the butcher's. a) won't forget b) forget c) had forgotten d) forgetting 2- How often do you go to (a – an – the – no article) Egyptian Museum? 3- The Olympic games (held – are held – is held – has held) every four years. 4. Which sentence ihas the correct end? a. You are clever, aren't you? b. You are clever, aren't you: c. You are clever , aren't you . d. You are clever, aren't you! 5. Fortunately, my favourite team has won the cup and the players are -----b. bad-tempered c. cheerful a. grumpy d. cross 6. A paragraph consists of (essays – sentences – emails – letters) 7- Egypt has (less – few – fewer – little) oil reserves than the USA. 8- Of all my friends I like Ahmad (better - best - the best - good) 9– The harder you study , the (higher – highest – highly – so high) marks you get. 10- Which is the (higher - taller - tallest highest) animal. the lion or the elephant? 11- My wife is (a little - less - more - few) younger than me. 12- Our Prophet Mohammed(Pbuh) is (a – more – most – an) unique character 13– Many mountaineers (missed -lost –saved – got) their lives when they climbed Everest. 14-Who is the (older – oldest – old – as old as) boy, Ahmed or Amr? 15You can reach your goal through patience and (emotion – culture – determination – quota) 16-How do you (celebrate - complete - deserve - conserve) festivals in your country? 17- It is traditional for the ------ to wear a white dress on the day of her wedding. a) bride b) bridegroom c) lecturer d) professional 18-When I was seven, I wrote a poem which (gained – earned – gets –won) first prize. 19-In international competitions , we never get through the first (round- around – gang – ring) 20-By the time Nada arrived, we (were having - had been having - having - have) lunch 24-Have you (made – do – done – gave)any contributions in your community? 25-Ali (did – made – makes – does) a good job when he was working with us . 26- While I was playing football, I fell and (break – had broken – broke – breaking) my arm– 27-didn't leave the country until he (had paid – pays – pay -has paid) all his debts. 28-While he(was being - is - was - is being) in London, he went shopping. 29-She (refused – didn't refuse – wasn't refused – refuses) to help me till she had cooked lunc 30- All of us refuse and reject all forms of (prejudice – confidence – bravery – charity)



Test two Mr: Hesham Mr Hesham B) reading comprehension 2 Read the following passage, then answer the questions: In recent years, concern about the environment has been growing among all people. The public has become aware of many common, dangerous dumping practices which have been going on for years. These have increased as the population of all countries has grown. Recently publicity has drawn public attention to one form of environmental pollution the dumping of hazardous chemical wastes . These wastes include heavy metals (such as mercury) and other by-products of technology. Such chemicals cause lots of problems: cancer, brain damage, and high infant mortality rates. Dumping of the wastes is difficult to supervise. And, in fact, even careful dumping has resulted in the destruction of whole areas. When wastes are first put into a dump, they are usually sealed in large metal drums. As time passes, the metal rusts, and the waste materials begin to leak out into the surrounding soil. This has two effects on the environment. First, the local soil is often permanently destroyed and it must be removed. Second, the chemical waste can sink lower and lower into the soil and Reach underground water deep in the earth's surface. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d: We must find a solution to chemical wastes because they our lives. b) protect a) save c) endanger d) keep The pronoun "These" refers to b) wastes c) practices d) products a) years Dumping of the wastes isn't..... to supervise d) difficult b) hard c) easy The word " permanently " means a) regularly c) temporarily d) constantly b) rarely When chemical waste reach underground water, it becomes..... d) unpolluted a) drinkable b) undrinkable c) pure Chemical wastes are one type of a) eco-tourism b) environmental pollution c) environmental protection d) eco-tours 7 The dangerous dumping practices have increased because of d) dumping waste a) heavy metals b) chemical waste c) the population growth 8 What diseases do chemical wastes cause? d) b & c a) colic b) cancer c) brain damage The best idea of this passage is a) Chemical wastes affects the environment b) The environment c) The diseases of waste d) how to get rid of waste The best solution to the problem of chemical waste is a) to be thrown in he sea b) to be put in containers c) to be put underground d) to be thrown in the desert Read the following passage and answer the questions: J. K. Rowling is the author of the Harry Potter books. J. K.'s name is Joanne Kathleen. She was 🛭 born in 1965 in a small town near Bristol, England. Joanne lived with her parents and her sister.



Mr Hesham Test two Mr: Hesham The Rowling family was not rich. Joanne did not go to special schools. She was a quiet child. She loved to read and write stories. Joanne went to Exeter University, and she finished her studies in 1987. She worked in different offices. In her free time, she wrote more stories In 1990, Joanne's mother died Joanne was sad and she wanted to leave England, She saw a job in the newspaper for an English teacher. The job was in Portugal. She had an interview, and she got the job. In Portugal, Joanne married a Portuguese man. The next year, Joanne had a daughter but she was not happy in her marriage. She left Portugal with her daughter and went to live in Edinburgh, Scotland, near her sister. Life was very difficult for Joanne. She took care of her daughter. She was alone, and nobody helped her. She had no money and no job. She lived in a small apartment and began to write stories again. Joanne first thought about the Harry Potter story many years ago on a train. Joanne liked to go to a coffee shop to write. She sat there for many hours. She drank coffee and wrote. Her daughter slept beside her. After five years, Joanne finished writing the first Harry Potter book .she sent it to many Book publishers. They all said that they didn't like it. Finally, a publisher liked it, but the publisher said, "This is a children's book. Adults won't read i You won't make a lot of money." In 1997, "Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone" was in the bookstores. J. K. Rowling was very happy. Her dream to publish her book came true. The book was famous all over the world. The publisher was wrong about one thing: Everyone loves . Harry Potter -children and adults Over 100 million books were sold in 1999. There are seven books in the series and over 450 million copies have been sold till now. Now Harry Potter books are in 65 languages, including Arabic. They are also available as audio books. These books have been made into an eight-part movie series by Warner Brothers. The first film was released in 2001. 1-When did J.K. Rowling finish the Exeter University? a)2001 b) 1990 c) 1997 d) 1987 2-When did J.K. Rowling leave for Portugal? a) 1990 b) 2001 c) after her mother's death d) as soon as her daughter was born 3-What does the underlined word 'it' refer to? a) The newspaper b) the publisher c) the film d) the Harry Potter book 4-'Warner Brothers' is probably: a) a production company b) the name of a publisher c) the coffee shop owner d) a movie theatre 5- Where did she start writing her first book? a) at a school in Portugal b) in her own house c) at a coffee shop c) at university 6-Harry Potter is read by: b) only old people c) only young men a) only children d) children and adults 7-How did she find a job in Portugal? a) in a newspaper advertisement b) on TV c) in an interview d) in a competition 8-How many books were sold in 1999? (a) a hundred b) fewer than a hundred c) more than 100 d) 500 9-Why was J. K. Rowling very happy? a) she got a job b) She became rich c) She married d) her dream came true 10- The synonym of the word an apartment is ---c) a department a) a block b) a flat d) a section



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Mr Hesham 18		الاختبار الثاني	18	Mr: Hesham
A) Translate into Arabic:		41 4 16 41		
1-Allah has granted Egy		esources that if they	are well use	d, we will
become one of the riche		ادر الطبيعية لو أحسن اس	كثيراً من المص	الله مصر
_		ادر الطبيعية لو أحسن اساً ادر الطبيعية لو أحسن اساً		
	• • •	ـر		, , ,
_		در الطبيعية لو أحسن است		
2 Democracy is the onl				
		بدة التي تحافظ على مصال	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		يدة التي تحافظ على مصا	₩	-
		بيدة التي تحافظ على اهتم بدة التي تحافظ على مصا		
B) Translate into English	•	بدر رسي تحالك على مصا	ي الوسيد الوحد	إن الديمعراطية هم
		والم الله الم الله الم	على مشاكلنا الا	٣- لن يمكنا التغلب
a)We can't overcome ou	r economic probler	ns unless we decrea	se our produ	uction and exports.
b)We can't overcome ou				
c)We can't overcome ou	•		•	•
d)We can't come our eco	onomical problems	unless we increase	our producti	on and exports.
			4924 4 4	**
-) Farmt is the hirthplace		<mark>، للأبد منارة للعلم والعلما.</mark> وططورا و منصصة النسط		
a) Egypt is the birthplace scientists forever.	e ot civilization and	Will remain a nymus	0USE 101 5CIC	nce and
a) Egypt is the birthplace	e of cultivation and	will remain a lightho	ouse for scie	nce and
scientists forever.	0 01 0didi 1 di	Will 101116111 6 119-111	/uoo 19. 00	IIIO aiia
a) Egypt is the birthplace	e of civilization and	will maintain a light	house for sc	cience and
scientists forever.				
a) Egypt is the birthday	of civilization and v	will remain a lightho	use for scien	ce and
scientists forever.				
Mr Hesham	Unit three	الوحدة الثالثة		Mr: Hesham
_		oulary and structure		
1- Choose the correct an				
1- Tois to	o involve yourself o	deeply in something.		
a)immense	b) mince	c) immerse	d) comm	erce
2-Tois to	start using someth	ing.		
a) implement	b) complain	c) compare	d) comp	liment
3- Touse s	scientific methods t	o find something .oા	ut or discove	r something
a)experience	b) experiment	c) explain	d) expl	oit
4 The is a	a device through w	hich sound comes	out.	
a) speaker	b) spokesman	c) beaker	d) spoke	es
5- Tois to	be all around (sor	neone or something)	
a) surrender	b) sound	c) summon	d) surro	ound
6-An / ais	a way of viewing or	r doing something .		
a) norch	h) narahmant	a) approach	d) ambi	ıch



Mr Hesham 19	Unit three	الوحدة الثالثة	19 Mr: Hesham
7- The adjective			ms
a) inconvenient	b) patient	c) cheerful	d) delighted
8 me	ans extremely good ,	exciting or surprising) ;
a) especially	b)spectacularly	c) boring	d) terrifying
9- A / An	is a series of actior	is or method of prod	ucing something
a) possess	b) confess	c) operation	d) process
10- " prodւ	uced "is a product ma	ade cheaply and in la	rge numbers with a machine
a) Mass	b) Less	c)Much	d) Little
11- Theon mo	st phones are very g	ood now. Music sou	unds loud and clear on them
a) process	-	•	
<u>-</u>	_		small building in the road.
a) selected		_	by d) painted by
13-Noha had a	-	-	• •
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			d) spectacles
		- '	y. I forgot I was in a theatre!
a) contained15-They have not yet	•	•	-
-			d) eliminated
¥			nich turns it into paper.
<u>-</u>	-		d) profession
₹ 1			I couldn't get to the college
71			d) inconvenient
18-Plastic toys are ve	ery cheap because th	ousands of them ar	e in factories daily.
a) mass-produced			-
19-The science teache	•	an experiment in	the laboratory .
a) make	b) performance	c) do	d) carry.
20 –We hope that the (•	•	nto the Olympic Games.
a) will contain	b) will introduce	•	educe d) will reduce
21- As I the		•	
a) approached	b) approximated	c) demolished	d) preached
22-In (factual – fact –	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	
23-This was a system	-		in the film like the visuals did.
a) audio	b) audience	c) visuals	d) speaker
24- Unfortunately , it w			
a) scout	b) scandal	c) scale	d) scores
25- It wasn't (until – af	•		ound became practical.
26- The synonym of ne			·
27- A new h		•	per instead of speakers
a) punishment	b) bunch	c) bench	d)approach
a) make 20 –We hope that the (a) will contain 21- As I the a) approached 22-In (factual – fact – a 23-This was a system a) audio 24- Unfortunately, it was a) scout 25- It wasn't (until – af 26- The synonym of ne 27- A new has a) punishment 28-We are in need of a a) surround			
a) surround	b) process	c) immerse	d) operation



Mr Hesham	20 Un	الوحدة الثالثة it three	20 Mr: Hesham	
29- They can print	t whole rolls of the	paper-thin speakers	than one sheet at a tim	e. T
a) another	b) other	c) rather	d) else	Ø
30- Nobody watch	ed the match (other	er – rather – and – neith	ner) than Tamer.	Ø
31- It is hot today	.The temperature e	xceeds 40 Celsius (gra	ades – marks – points – degrees)
_	<u>-</u>) of tuna , please ? I an	-	•
33- Scientists hav	e found a more pra	ctical way	produce a surround sound.	(
a) to	b) of	c) for	d) off	(
34-What application	ons do you think th	e new paper-thin	•	1
a) cinema	b) radio	c) screens	d) speakers	
35- I 'd like to be a	•	ink space	is very important .	(
a) technical		c) technology	•	(
astronauts Astro	•	olar system spacecraft	, .	
	=	of our sola		
a) stars		c) plants	d) pants	
37ha	ve been able to st	udy most of these pla	nets for many years.	
a) Astronomers		ers c) Astronauts		
38- We can send		. further than the m	oon.	(
a) astrology	b) astrologe	rs c) astronauts	d) scouts	Ø
39- Scientists have	ve already sent	onto the	surface of planets such as Mar	s.
a) canoes	b) boats	c) ferries	.	Ø
	= =		more about thearound	JS.
a) towns	b) cities	, ,		Ø
	•	·	pen people to make them bett	er
a) vet	b) surgeon	c) paramedic	d) chemist	
		r things that make me		
a) Drugs	b) Drums	c) cutlery	d) crockery	
a) Operate		c) Operation	repair it or damaged part in a d) Operator	***
• •	•	• •	u feel better when you are ill.	Ø
a) Process	b) Operati	-		nt
•	•	•	measure light , heat ,sound et	
a) thermometer		c) telescope	d)stethoscope	
•		•	elligence (Al)in the future .	Ø
a) false	_	c c) artificial	d) superficial	Ø
47-Factories alrea	. •	•	rs and machines to be sold.	
a) build	b) help	c) fly	d) damage	Ø
•	, .	• •	- the world they live in.	Ø
a) in	b) out	c) about	d) on	
•	,	•	s – helpless – careless – priceles	38
		• •	ts which may support human life	
a) about	b) for	c) with	d) on	
•	,	ns – plants – animals –	,	q



Ħ	Mr Hesham 21 Unit three الوحدة الثالثة 21 Mr: Hesham
	52- Most of the students depend (in – on – about – of) the internet to do research .
9	53-The internet helps me to keep (in – on – of – at) touch with my relatives abroad.
0	54- On a bigger (scales – scale – school – scholar), technology helped save lives in Mexico.
0	55-On the other (hand – foot – arm – leg) cyber security has become a big issue.
9	56- (In- On –At – Of) the whole I think technology can be dangerous if you are addicted to it.
Ø	57-Technology helps us discover new cures (of – with – for – about) new diseases .
0	58- On (balance – bias – business – duty) we can't do without technology now.
	59- The boy works as an (apprentice – engineer – electrician – architect) for a carpenter
Ø	60-If you get an, you learn while you are doing a job.
0	a) application b) apprenticeship c) archaeology d) identity
0	61- Technology (evolves – revolves – solves – dissolves) ever day .
9	61- My father had with my mother about home expenses so she was sad.
0	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement
0	62- Please , clean the table because it is (tidy – clear – dusty – mist)
0	63- You should repaint the house as it is and dark.
9	a) gloomy b) cheerful c) delighted d) bright
	64- (Blame – Become – Behave – Be half) yourself and try not to make noise.
8	65- The spider uses his (web – leg – tail – nose) to catch insects.
þ	66-The man gave the children a free ice cream" Here you are"! but that's your
þ	a) many b) much c) lot d) load 67-There was a strange smell in the room, but I couldn't on what it was.
	a) finger b) toe c) hand d) ankle
	68- A football hit me in the face, so I got(brown – green –black – red) eye .
и	
Ĭ,	03 - IVIV TALMET MAG WILLI MIV MOLHET ADOUL HOME EXPENSES SO SHE WAS SAU,
	69 - My father had with my mother about home expenses so she was sad. a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until heit
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until heit a) repaired b) had repaired c) will repair d) has repaired
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he it a) repaired b) had repaired c) will repair d) has repaired 2- Once I reading this book , I will lend it to you .
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he it a) repaired b) had repaired c) will repair d) has repaired 2- Once I reading this book , I will lend it to you . a) have finished b) finished c) won't finish d) had finished
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he
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	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar عمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he
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	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he
	a) an argument b) advice c) an arrangement d) an encouragement Mr Hesham Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد Mr: Hesham 1- Ali won't be able to use the computer until he

Mr Hesham 22 Exercises on gramm	تمارین قواعد mar	22 Mr: Hesham
10-When we the experiments , we	will collect the resul	ts.
a) doing d) had done		
11-lt's arranged. We (will go – go – are going – r		a this summer.
12-I think my cousin (will study – studies – goin		
13 tennis after school too	-	-
a) Are you playing b) Do you play		
14-My German lesson at fo		
a) is stating b) starts	•	O ,
15- The launch of the satellite (is being – are bei	-	
16-We (will – may – are going to – are) probably		
17-I can't talk at the moment. I (do – will do – a	,	_
18-I can't meet you this afternoon. I (am doing – 19-Hello, Ahmed. I (go – am going – have gone -		
20-My plane (is leaving – shall leave – leave – lea		
21-I am studying medicine. I (may be – am going	•	
22-She (will – should – is going to – may) probal		
23-I expect that he (wins – will win – is going to w		
24-Perhaps they (are visiting – are going to visit	.	
25-Somebody is knocking on the door. I (am goir	ng – will go – have goi	ne – go) and open it.
26-She (is flying – flies – fly – would fly) to Spain		
27- I (am going to play – play –will play – should		end. That's my plan.
28-He drives at breakneck speed. He		
a) has b) will have	, ,	,
29-Watch out! You (are dropping – drop – are go		op) the glasses.
30 help me with this heavy a) Will you b) Are you going to	<u> </u>	d) Should you
31-Don't worry. I (lend – am lending – will lend –		
32-I (am going to be – will be – am being – be) 25		noncy you note.
33-I can't see you tomorrow. I	_	airport.
a) am meeting b) meet		
34-Don't phone me at 8.00 a.m. I	the kids to school .	•
a) may drive b) driving- drive		
35-Look at those black clouds. It (rains – is rainin		isn't raining).
36-She (will – should – might – ought) probably b		
37-She has decided that she		يو مراويل و دول اللاد و ا
a) is studying b) is going to study	•	,
38-Be careful! You (will spill – are spilling - are gas 39-That's the phone. I (answer – am answering –		
40- By ten o'clock tonight, Ia		IISWEI j II.
a) finish b) am finishing		d) 'll have finished
41- I haven't seen my cousin for five years. I'm su		vi) 11 11 vi v 1111 vi v 1
a) grow b) will have grown		d) is growing.
42- My sister a big meal for us. She	-	
a) will cook b) has cooked	_	
43-When (will – does – did would) the trai	•	,
44- Once she (cleaned – is cleaning – will clea		ne flat , she will sleen.



Mr Hesham 23 Test three الاختبار الثالث	23 Mr: Hesham
1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	
1 How lovely (the tree is – is the tree – was the tree – does the	e tree look)!
2-You should apologise to your brotheryou have made	le him sad .
a) though b) because of c) since	d) due to
3. Which sentence is correct?	
a. What a fantastic film! b. What a fanta	astic film,
c. What a fantastic film: d. What a fanta	·
4. "She fell off the horse." "Off" is a/an(adverb - a noun – adject	ive – preposition)
a. adverb b. preposition c. adjective	d. pronoun
5. "On the (all – whole – each – hall)" modern technology has be	
6. Choose the best topic sentence for an essay about (Smoking is	7.
XI	e, you can help your society.
	costs people a lot of money.
7. What is the context?	
• • •	ation about the essay topic.
c. A hook that grabs the reader's attention. d. An inform	_
8—He has a problem with his arteries consequently he needs a	
a) process b) photosynthesis c) operation	d) experiment
9- We have booked the tickets . We next week.	d) have travelled
a) are travelling b) will travel c) going to travel 10- I sleep until I have finished this interesting book	•
a) didn't sleep b) won't sleep c) haven't slept	d) hadn't slept
11-Dr Farouk El-Baz gave the who landed on the r	,
a) astrologers b)mechanics c) astronaut	d) comets
12-Some spacecraft (is – was – are – has) manned while others	,
13- I'd like to know who will attend the party (rather – other – and	
14-The first winner was stripped of his gold medal due to taking -	
a) drugs b) breath c) chance	d) opportunity
15- He is driving carelessly .I think he an accident.	
a) will make b) will have made c) is going to	make d) is making
16- We will have decorated the flat (in – on – by – at)Friday .	
17- The (sensing - sensor - sensation – file) is used for measur	~ ~
18-The synonym of the word inconvenient is the word	
a) comfortable b) relaxing c) annoying d	l) convenient
19- As soon as he, he will search for a suitable job.	N 111 1 4
a) had graduated b) graduate c) has graduated	
20- Once I have graduated, I will look for ajob to settle	
a) temporary b) part time c) permanent	d) impermanent
14-The first winner was stripped of his gold medal due to taking a) drugs b) breath c) chance 15- He is driving carelessly .I think he an accident. a) will make b) will have made c) is going to 16- We will have decorated the flat (in – on – by – at) Friday . 17- The (sensing - sensor - sensation – file) is used for measur 18-The synonym of the word inconvenient is the word	
22- My garden should be by a strong fence to prevent	, , ,
a) built b) surrounded c) demolished	_
23- Scientists will some experiments to find an el	,
a) do b) make c) find	d) carry
24- To implement is equal in meaning to (find – give – come – ca	, ,
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• •



الاختبار الثالث Test three Mr: Hesham Mr Hesham B) reading comprehension 2 Read the following passage, then answer the questions: Have you ever noticed how busy the roads in Cairo are especially in the rush hours? Every year more and more cars are using them. These cars do a lot of harm. Not only do they disrupt the traffic but they also cause pollution. Almost every family has a car. Some families have more than one. No wonder you see many traffic jams all over the city. Perhaps the worst jams are at the city centre. These long lines of cars crawling into Cairo waste time and money. Every day precious time is wasted while you are waiting impatiently at the traffic lights. At last when you reach your destination, you have every right to feel kind of relief, but soon you face new troubles. There is no place to park your car. In Cairo it isn't easy to find parking spaces. It is a problem that causes us trouble by day and anxiety by night. To solve this problem more car-parks should be built just away from the city centre. Then the drivers can leave their cars and catch a bus to their offices. Another solution is to build multiple storey garages. Wide, smooth, straight roads must be built now in place of the old, narrow roads. These roads must not pass through the city centre. They must not be crossed by other roads. This can be achieved by fly-over bridges. It is good to see such roads being built now. Carts and cycles should not be allowed on such roads. Let us hope that in the near future when people rush to work and then back home the roads will be as orderly as ever and traffic will flow without hindrance. Choose the correct answer: Traffic Jams are usually at their worst when...... b) cars are more and more c) drivers are careless a) roads are busy d) people are rushing to work in the morning and then back in the afternoon 2 Car parks should be built the city centre d) in the middle of a) outside b) through c) inside 3 the underlined word (one) refers to b) road c) traffic d) family a) car The best title to this text is a) traffic jams b) the problems of traffic c) The problems of roads d) Traffic and cars a) moving slowing b) causing pollution c) improving traffic d) moving very fast 6 Finding parking spaces in very crowded cities Cairo is something very...... a) easy b) convenient c) comfortable d) anxious 7 What two problems do cars cause? a) cause pollution b) cause traffic jam c) a & b d) cause wars 8 How do traffic jams affect us? Mention 2 points. a) give us comfort b) waste time c) waste money d) both b & d 9 Find in the text a word which means: comfort a) relief b) anxiety c) disrupt d) hindrance 10 Why do you think some families have more than one car? a) They are destitute b) They are affluent c) They are needy d) They are well-off Mr Hesham



Mr Hesham 25 Test three الاختبار الثالث 25 Mr: Hesham
2 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:
Statistics show that the rapid growth in population creates problems for developing countries
So , why don't people have fewer children? It has also been found that only when people's
education and living standards begin to rise , birth rates begin to fall. Now poor countries ca
afford social services and old age pensions, and people's incomes are so low that they
have nothing to spare for savings. So people need their children to provide them with securit
in their old age
Having a large family can be a form of insurance. Even when they are still young children
can help on a small farm.
Improvements in public health services and medical care have assured that many more babie
survive infancy and grow up. It has also helped the parents to live longer. No won
populations are being added to both ends. These people have to be convinced that with small
families, there will be more food, better schools, more employment and thus a better standard
living . this means changes in attitudes.
Choose the correct answer:
1 had decreased the number of deaths among babies.
a) Medical care b) Birth control c) the standard of living d) Education
2 We have to convince people to
a) work on farm b) have smaller families c) go to school d) build more houses
3 The underlined pronoun (they) refers to
a) poor countries b) social services c) people's incomes d) people
4 The best title to this text is
a) Statistics b) Developing countries c) Smaller families d) Family planning
5 Having very few children in a family can problems in developing countries?
a) complicate b) solve c) increase d) create
6 Unemployment and food shortage result from
a) building more schools b) improving medical care
, , ,
c) having a form of insurance d) rapid growth in population 7 Birth rates go down when people's
a) education rises b) illiteracy rises c) standard of living rises d) a & c 8 People liked to have many children in the past to
a) to help them in their old age b) to fight others
a) to help them in their old age b) to fight others c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories
a) to help them in their old age b) to fight others c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories Find in the text words which mean: the science which deals with numbers and facts
a) to help them in their old age c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories Find in the text words which mean: the science which deals with numbers and facts a) education b) statistics c) physics d) chemistry
a) to help them in their old age c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories 9 Find in the text words which mean: the science which deals with numbers and facts a) education b) statistics c) physics d) chemistry 10 Public health and medical care lead to
a) to help them in their old age c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories 9 Find in the text words which mean: the science which deals with numbers and facts a) education b) statistics c) physics d) chemistry 10 Public health and medical care lead to a) by change in their attitude b) overpopulation c) pollution d) declining in infance
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a) to help them in their old age c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories 9 Find in the text words which mean: the science which deals with numbers and facts a) education b) statistics c) physics d) chemistry 10 Public health and medical care lead to a) by change in their attitude b) overpopulation c) pollution d) declining in infance A) Translate into Arabic: 1-Terrorism is not the proper way (means) for imposing opinions but the objective dialogue which leads to ideal solutions to our problems in society. 1- الإرهاب ليس الوسيلة المناسبة لفرض وجهات النظر ولكن الحوار الموضوعي هو الذي يؤدي إلى حلول مثالية لمشاكلنا في الجمعية. 1- الإرهاب ليس الوسيلة المناسبة لفرض وجهات النظر ولكن الحوار الموضوعي هو الذي يؤدي إلى حلول مثالية لمشاكلنا في المجتمع.
a) to help them in their old age b) to fight others c) to make them beggars d) to work in factories 9 Find in the text words which mean: the science which deals with numbers and facts a) education b) statistics c) physics d) chemistry 10 Public health and medical care lead to a) by change in their attitude b) overpopulation c) pollution d) declining in infance A) Translate into Arabic: 1-Terrorism is not the proper way (means) for imposing opinions but the objective dialogue which leads to ideal solutions to our problems in society. 1- الإرهاب ليس الوسيلة المناسبة لفرض وجهات النظر ولكن الحوار الموضوعي هو الذي يؤدي إلى حلول مثالية لمشاكلنا في الجمعية.

	يىرىنى Cryp2Day.com موقع مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة
いる	Mr Hesham 26 Test three الاختبار الثالث 26 Mr: Hesham
N.	Mr: Hesham 26 Mr: Hesham 26 Mr: Hesha
N.	المشاكلنا في المجتمع. المشاكلنا في المجتمع.
e la	2 Press plays an important role in forming people awareness and an effective public opinion
eg,	ا ـ يلعب الضغط دورا هاما في تشكيل وعي الجماهير و تشكيل رأي عام فعال.
8	ب- تلعب الصحافية دورا هاما في تشكيل وعي الجماهير و تشكيل رأي عام غير فعال.
P.	ج- تلعب الصحافة دورا هاما في تشكيل فكر الجماهير و تشكيل رأي عام فعال.
2	د ـ تلعب الصحافة دورا هاما في تشكيل وعي الجماهير و تشكيل رأي عام فعال. با طماعة معادة معادة معادة على الجماهير و تشكيل رأي عام فعال.
	B) Translate into English :
	a) Smoking and population are the main reasons for spreading diseases.
1	b) Smoking and pollution are the main reasons for spreading diseases.
	c) Smoking and pollution are the remain reasons for spreading diseases.
	d) Smoking and pollution are the main seasons for spreading diseases.
	٤- المواطن الصالح مستعد دائما لخدمة بلده و الموت من اجلها.
	a)A good citizenship is always ready to serve his country and die for it.
	b)A good civilian is always ready to serve his country and die for it. c)A good citizen is always reading to serve his country and die for it.
るショショショショショショ	d)A good citizen is always ready to serve his country and die for it.
2	
	Mr: Hesham
	1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
	1- I am always studying and when I have free time , I stay in bed. I'm suffering froma) amnesia فقد ذاكرة b) burnout إسهال d) diarrhea
	2- I feel lonely and I'm beginning to have strange dreams. I'm worried about my
	a) mental health b) physical fitness c) muscles d) head
	3-I think schools shouldthe importance of looking after yourself.
	a)prolong يعزز d) promote يعزز d) promote يعزز
	4-I don't have the time to do everything I want to do. I'm bad
	a) extra time b) waste time c) time management d) part time 5-My father has to cope with a lot ofin his job and uses sport to help him relax.
	a) employers b) managers c) employees d) stress
	6-He has started to exercise regularly. It has helped him improve his general a lot
	a) well-being b) good education c) well-educated d) well done
	7-Amal is alwaysand she never has the energy to do anything .
	a) exhaustion b) exhausted c) exclaimed d) exhaled
	8-My mum knows how towith difficult situations really well.
	a) cooperate b) coup نقلاب c) cope d) copy 9-My grandma said walking in the countryside helpedher physical and mental health
	a) prove b) disapprove c) approve d) improve
	10-You must always make time for If you look after yourself, you can help others ,too.
	a) self-care b) self sufficiency c) self denial d) selfish
No.	12- A situation where you can't do anything as you are tired and stressed is called
No.	a) burnout b) heat c) boil d) burning
	13- The adjective describes the feeling of being very tired.
ソネシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシィシ	a) exhibits b) delighted c) exhausted d) exhorted
	Mr Hesham Abou Bakr ార్యాల్లో మాట్లాని చెందిన మాట్లానికి మాట్లానికి మాట్లాని చెందిన మాట్లానికి చెందిన మాట్లానికి చెందిన మాట్లాని

Mr Hesham 27	ية Unit four	تمارين الوحدة الرابع	27 Mr: Hesham
14- Tois	to deal with difficu	It situations.	
a) cope up with	b) cope with	c) cover with	d) reason with
15descri	bes the feeling of be	eing very well.	
a)well-educated	b) well behaved	c) well manag	ed d) well- being
16sho	ows how a person t	hinks and the emotion	s they feel
a) Physical health	b) Mental health	c) Metal	d) Mutual
17-To me	eans to make somet	hing better or to get be	etter.
a) improve	b) decline	c) prove	d) pave
18-Tois t	o tell people about s	something or to help so	omething develop
a) pollute	b) salute	c) promote	d) delay
19 mea	ans taking care of yo	our body	
a) Self sufficiency	b) Self denial	c)Selfie	d) Self care
20 - <i></i> is	to be organised wh	en you do things and f	or how long it takes .
a) Time management	b) Time-bomb	c) Waste time	d) timing
21is a	feeling of being wor	rried and scared	
a) Pleasure	b)Stress	c) Pleasure	d) Press
22-Burnout is a mental	health problem that	t is more a	and more people today .
a) reflecting	b) conflicting	c) conduct	ting d) affecting
23- A lot of	always lead to bu	ırnout and stress.	
a) pressures	b) happiness	c) treasures	d) pleasure
24- If you have to do a	job , do it	to please Allah.	
a) carelessly b) quickly	c) rapidly	d) perfectly.
25-When you experien	ce burnout , you fee	I and you d	on't do what you enjoy.
a) exhausted b)		c) peace of mind	d) calm
26-Burnout is usually o	•	• •	• • •
27- If you are in dange	_	-	experience a lot of stress.
a) of b) f	•) about	d) with
28- I'd like to know wha	•		
a) caused b) r	•	nappened	d) passed
29- Everyone should ta	•	•	•
30-You should start thi			
a) making b) pl	,	doing	d) going
31-Activities such as d			amples of self
a) burnout b) ca		e) exercise	d) training
a) exhausted b) 26-Burnout is usually of 27- If you are in danger a) of b) f 28- I'd like to know wha a) caused b) r 29- Everyone should ta 30-You should start thi a) making b) pl 31-Activities such as d a) burnout b) ca 33-Positive activities p a) be b) to 34- Why don't you a) pour b) sp 35 is to make		_	
a) be b) to	,	bees	d) being
34- Why don't you	•		N 4
a) pour b) sp	•) do	d) spout
			on on moving your eyebrows.
a)To fry	b) To produce	c) frown	d) To fight

Mr Hesham 2	Unit four	تمارين الوحدة الرابعة	28 Mr: Hesha	am
36- To	is to angrily criti	cise someone about	something they've done	
a) speak	b)scout	c) scatter	d) scold	
37-To	is to push out your	lower lip because you	are annoyed or unhappy	
a) smile	b) pout	c) laugh	d) whisper	
VAN		~ -	are uncertain about it.	
a) Suppose	b) Sense	c) Skid	d) Surrender	
V	-	an (boot – pout – pol		
W -	•	ered – smiled – frowne	• •	
Val	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		for upsetting her mother.	
V) it is too late to apply		
y		e just fo		
a) altered	b) uttered	c) ordered	d) entered	
W -		- and concentrate on	your work to achieve your	goals.
a) confident	b) reliable	c) frustrated	d) determined	
VA .	-		of) your mental health.	
VA		-	bbies – interests – fun)	
y n			snickers – smug – snack)	
VA .	_	· •	xing – relaxed – to relaxing	3)
49- Try to reduce tl	he of fat i	in your diet to improve	e your physical fitness .	
a) amount	b) quality	c) mount	جر صح <i>ي</i>	ح
🕻 50- It is important t	o be of th	e signs of burnout. Th	nen you can take action .	
a) unaware	b) unconscious	c) aware	d) software	
51-It is important to	o share your feelings	with people you	like your family or tead	chers.
a) mistrust	b) misunderstand	c) doubt	d) trust	
52-He started to so	lve his problems by -	the reasons	s for them .	
a) identifying	b) neglecting	c) ignoring	d) omitting	
🐧 53-Most people foເ	and it difficult to sleep	their ment	al health problems.	
a) because	b) because of	c) since	d) although	
54- how much time	do you spend (do –	to do – doing – did) y	our homework?	
55- I couldn't cope	(of – with – for – abo	out) all the homework	l had.	
56- You should wo	rk to a plan. I mean yo	ou should (do – make	- take - get) a timetable.	
57-Is there anythin	g you are worrying (a	about - of - with - to	which stops you from slee	eping?
58- I couldn't cope	with this situation . C	ope here is the synon	ym of	
a) develop	b) deal with	c) promote	d) persuade.	
59- the antonym of	pout is (frown – sco	ld – smell – smile)		
60- The rain is goir	ng to clear (on – of –	up – with) soon		
61- The word set u	p is similar in meanin	g with the word		
a) find	b) found	c) destroy	d) break down	
52-He started to so a) identifying 53-Most people for a) because 54- how much time 55- I couldn't cope 56- You should wo 57-Is there anythin 58- I couldn't cope a) develop 59- the antonym of 60- The rain is goin 61- The word set up a) find 62- (In – On –At –C	Of) the end of the mat	tch , the players greet	ed the spectators .	
63-Can you wait fo	r me until I (dress –	put on – wear – put uբ) my shoes	

ararararararararararar	Mr Hesham 29	Unit fo	الوحدة الرابعة our	تمارین تمارین	29 Mr: Hesham
8	64-You should identi	ify the (reasons	s – causes – lesso	ons – classes) fo	r your problems?
	65- The members of	the government	should	together to solv	e our urgent problems.
X	a) come b) s	set	c) get	d) fu	ın
8	66- My grandparents	bought an apar	rtment in Cairo. N	ow it is an expen	sive
	a) port b) p	arty	c) property	d) pove	erty
8	67-The rich man was	s a	who gave money	to help build the	hospital.
	a) miser b) b	enefactor	c) beggar	d) de	estitute
	68-The carpenter use	es a	to hit these nails	into the wood	
	a) saw b) m	ud	c) machine	d) ha	mmer
	69- We t	the doorman for	committing the c	rime.	
	a) suspect b)	respect	d) expect	d) accept	
	70-From now (in – o	n – of – to) you	ı must depend on	yourself .	
Sastas as as as	71-The necklace we	found in the car	was a	that she took it	1
	a) loaf b)ro	oof	c) key	d) proof	
	72-Your brilliant suc	cess is (worse -	– worth – myth –	both) the effort .	
	73- Myis	set on achieving	g my goals whate	ver the difficultie	s are.
	•	idney	c) heart	d) lung	
	74- I have great		, ,	als soon.	
Ÿ	a) expectations	b) reservation	on c)	conversation	d) suspect
	, ·				
	75-My friend was		•	•	
3/3/3		pleased	en I forgot her bir c) delighted	thday . d) ups	et.
as as as as as as as	•	pleased	•	d) ups	et. Mr: Hesham
3/3/3/3/3/3	a) happy b)	pleased Exercis	c) delighted	d) ups	
والمرواء والمرواء والمرواء	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (pleased Exercis words. using – to use –	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use)	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help	Mr: Hesham
	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have	Exercise words. using – to use – (do-done – doi	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help y nore than you did	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best.
	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have 3-Have you thought	Exercises words. using – to use – (do-done – doinabout (taking-	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n take - to taking	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help y nore than you did to take) more	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best. exercise?
	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have 3-Have you thought v 4-What about (start v	Exercises words. using – to use – (do-done – doi about (taking- – starting- start	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n take - to taking - started) with t	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help y nore than you did to take) more he most importar	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best. exercise? nt things first?
	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have 3-Have you thought a 4-What about (start v 5-You look very tires	Exercises words. using – to use – (do-done – doi about (taking- – starting- start	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n take - to taking - started) with t	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help y nore than you did to take) more he most importar	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best. exercise? nt things first?
45/45/45/45/45/45/45	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have 3-Have you thought a 4-What about (start s 5-You look very tires a) have b) to 6-You could (study	Exercises words. using – to use – (do-done – doing about (taking – starting start d. I think you sho have – studying – to	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n take - to taking - started) with the ould c) having study – studies)	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help y nore than you did – to take) more he most importar gone to bed o d) has together and he	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best. exercise? nt things first? earlier last night. Ip each other.
12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have 3-Have you thought v 4-What about (start v 5-You look very tirev a) have b) to 6-You could (study 7-Have you consider	Exercises words. using – to use – (do-done – doing about (taking – starting started. I think you sho have – studying – to red (to listen - left)	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n take - to taking - started) with t ould c) having study – studies) istens – listening	d) ups تمارین قواعد a diary to help y nore than you did – to take) more he most importar gone to bed d) has together and he - listen) to musi	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best. exercise? In things first? earlier last night. Ip each other. Ip before going to bed?
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	a) happy b) Mr Hesham Choose the correct v 1- Why don't you (v 2-You couldn't have 3-Have you thought v 4-What about (start v 5-You look very tire v a) have b) to o 6-You could (study v 7-Have you consider v 8-You shouldn't have v 9-The security syste	Exercise words. using – to use – (do-done – doing about (taking – starting started. I think you show have – studying – to red (to listen - le (to watch – was m will not) prohibit	c) delighted ses on grammar to using – use) ing – did) any n take - to taking - started) with to ould c) having study – studies) istens – listening atching – watched you to ente c) able in this are	a diary to help nore than you did to take) more he most importar gone to bed d) has together and he listen) to musid- watches) TV r without the cord	Mr: Hesham you plan your work? I. That was your best. exercise? In things first? earlier last night. Ip each other. Ic before going to bed? so late last night! rect password.
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	Exercises of	ین فواعد n grammar	ا 30 تمار	Mr: Hesham
14-He				
a) could have b) m	ay have c)	needn't have	d) won't have	
15 -He worked on his	•	•		
a)could b)	able c	c) ability	d) managed	
16-A small dog had so		_		
a) managed to b)		•	•	
17-When I was young	-	•	_	
a)could b) can	c)		d) managed	
18- You came late ; yo		•	J	
a) must b) ou	_			in da
19-l find i				indow.
	,		a) might not	
20- You are ill . I think a) must b) have to) should have	
21 about	-) Siloulu liave	
	Vhy c)Wh		d) Where	
22- Shehav	•		•	
a) can b) m	nay c) ca		d) must	
23- Drivers			,	
a) should b) or				
24- He (could – may -	•		•	
Mr Hesham	1	الاختبار الرابع r		r: Hesham
WII FIESHAIH	J (II	مربي المحبور المرابع المعاملة abulary and structur		. Heshaili
	AVOC	anınarv ann sırıncın		
			<u>16</u>	
1- Choose the correct	answer from a, b, c	<u>or d :</u>		nould face
1- Choose the correct Clobal warming is	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of	<u>or d :</u> the most dangerous	s that we sh	nould face .
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of b) subject	or d : the most dangerous c) issues	d) topic	nould face .
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questi	d) topic	nould face .
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't a b) Whatever	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although	d) topic on . d) Though	
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem 2 smart to a) However 3 You should	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't a b) Whatever	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although ework instead of wa	d) topic on . d) Though atching TV all those	
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't a b) Whatever	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although	d) topic on . d) Though	
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem 2 smart to a) However 3 You should	t answer from a, b, c s considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't a b) Whatever your home b) have done	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although ework instead of wa	d) topic on . d) Though atching TV all those	
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem 2 smart the a) However 3 You should a) do 4. Which sentence is a. What is the reason	t answer from a, b, c considered one of t b) subject he boy is , he can't t b) Whateveryour home b) have done correct? for your illness ?	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although ework instead of wa c) had done b. What is t	d) topic on . d) Though atching TV all those d) did	hours .
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem 2 smart the small smal	t answer from a, b, c considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't i b) Whateveryour home b) have done correct? for your illness ? for your illness ?	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although ework instead of wa c) had done b. What is t	d) topic on . d) Though atching TV all those d) did	hours .
1- Choose the correct 1 Global warming is a) problem 2	t answer from a, b, c considered one of b) subject he boy is , he can't a b) Whateveryour home b) have done correct? for your illness ? correct?	or d : the most dangerous c) issues answer your questic c) Although ework instead of wa c) had done b. What is t d. What is	d) topic on . d) Though atching TV all those d) did the reason with your	hours .
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Mr Hesham 31 Test four الاختبار الرابع 31 Mr: Hesham
10. Where should the thesis statement be restated?
a. In the introduction b. In the conclusion. c. In the body paragraphs. d. After conclusion.
11- I hope you can with your difficult situations .
a. collect b. connect c. promote d. cope
12- Why don't you concentrate (on – in of – about) your lessons?
13 about going to the theatre tonight? They will show a new play.
a. Where b) What c)Which d)Why
14.Stress can affect your physical health and your health.
a. mental b. internal . c. external . d. metal.
15- He is determined to marry her means he his heart is set (to – for – on – with) her
16. The antonym of promote is (delegate – relegate – negotiate – appreciate)
17- Have you considered (visit – to visit – visited – visiting) the Egyptian Museum ?
18. Nancy (may – will – must – have to) cope with her problem .That is possible
19-I think you must (do – make – take – play) some positive activities to lessen your stress
20. They (could – can – may - will) have passed the last experimental exam
21-Why (don't – didn't – weren't – aren't) you come with us to the circus?
22.Whenever I give her little brother something, she always and leaves the room.
a. pours b. pouts c. proves d. buries
23- Have you ever thought (in – off – with – about) studying in the early morning?
24. The government is going to a new hospital in our area this year.
a. stay up b. sit up . c. set up . d. make up
25- You (must – could – ought – should) to lose weight to be fit .
B Reading Comprehension
2 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:
Advertising has become a very specialized activity in modern times. In the business world of
today, supply is usually greater than demand. There is great competition between the
different manufacturers of the same kind of product to persuade purchasers to buy their own
particular make. They always have to remind the customer of the name and the quality of their
product. They do this by advertising. The manufacturer advertises in the newspaper and on
posters. He sometimes pays for songs to be sung about his product on commercial radio programmes. He employs attractive salesgirls to distribute samples of <u>it</u> . He organizes
competitions with prizes for the winners. He often advertises on the screens of local cinemas.
Most important of all, in those countries that have television, he has advertisements put into
the programmes whenever this is possible. Manufacturers often spend large sums of money
advertisements.
We buy a particular product because we think that it is the best. We usually think so because
the advertisements say so. Some people never pause to ask themselves if the advertisements
are telling the truth.
Choose the correct answer: 1 We buy certain goods because
a) advertisements affect us b) we don't need them
c) supply is greater than demand d) we buy a certain make
2 Manufacturers advertise the goods they want to sell
a) in newspapers b) on posters
c) on TV programmes d) in different means of advertising
3 The underlined pronoun "it" refers to



Ø	Mr Hesham 32 Test four	الاختبار الرابع	32 Mr: Hesham
めんとなる	a) his goods b) his product		d) his advertisement
	4 The best title to this text is		
	a) Competition b) A specialized activity		d) Manufacture
	5 There are ways of advert	_	
	a) five b) eight	c) seven	d) two
X.	6 There is great competition between m		
ÿ	a) demand is usually greater than supply	,	s less than demand
	c) demand is less than supply 7 Manufacturers spend so much money		is equal to demand
V	7 Manufacturers spend so much moneya) to entertain people		chasers to buy their products .
	c) to compete with other companies	,	products available
	a) distribute the products b) to buy the	•	•
これできるというというというというというというというというというというというというというと	9 Find in the text words which mean: co		u, onig ioi davorno
		of something c)	purchasers d) Manufacture
	10.What else, do you think, manufacturers	<u> </u>	
X	a) advertise on TV b) advertise on walls	c) advertise on cir	nemas d) improve its quality
X	<u>B Readi</u>	ng Comprehension	
3	2 Read the following passage, then answer	the questions:	
	What is an ideal holiday for one persor		-
(9)	sportsman likes a kind of holiday which h		
	while the lazy man's ideal holiday would lea		
(a)	If I were allowed to choose my own holiday	, I would go on a voy	age in a modern passenger sh
	with a swimming pool.		
	Even if sportsman friend and my lazy friend		• • • • • •
るがるかるかるかるかるかるかるかるかるかる	would have plenty of games and swimming		-
	, looking at the sea and drinking lemonade		
	If one day I find an interesting book in the		
	and nobody will stop me. Perhaps the next		
3	games with passengers until I am hot and my cabin at any time of the day or night, I c		ioi a batti. I call go allu sieep
3	get cheap drinks during most of the day,		ke choosing among a variety
8	foods.	and I can eat as I ii	ke, choosing among a variety
Ý	But perhaps the greatest pleasure of a sea	holiday is coming to	new ports in strange lands, a
%	going ashore for a few hours to see stra		•
(V)	language talked around us. Whenever I thin	• •	•
	foreign city that comes to my mind .	,	,,,
	Choose the correct answer:		
	1 A sports man is fond of		
	a) playing games b) reading books	c) eating much fo	ood d) sleeping ear
	2 The utmost pleasure of a sea holiday		, i
X	a) coming to new states b) coming to new	harbours c) meeting	people d) going shopping
3	3 The underlined word (one) refers to		
	a) the lazy man b) the passenger	c) the sportsman	d) any holidaymaker
Ø	4 The best title to this text is		
Ø	a) Sportsmen b) Lazy people c) A	passenger ship	d) An ideal holiday
たぶるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるごるご	5 A voyage could be risky if one	 	
	a) had plenty of games b) read an interesting	g book c) drank lem	onade d) couldn't swim.
374	\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$P\$	La Para Para Para Para Para Para Para Pa	P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P



;;;					
	r: Hesham				
6 The writer prefers a modern passenger ship because he would					
a) do many different things b) meet both a sportsman and a lazy man c) read in the ship's library d) hear a strange language					
c) read in the ship's library d) hear a strange language 7 A sportsman won't be happy with a lazy man because					
a) He was noisy b) He was talkative c) they were pole apart d) they had the s	ame activities				
8 The foods and drinks on a modern passenger ship are					
	and cheap				
9 Find words in the text which mean : b. a long journey by sea					
a) trip b) voyage c) passenger ship d) picnic					
10 The writer always thinks of going to going to	-				
a) foreign cities b) local cities c) meeting native people d) swim	ming				
A)Translate into Arabic:					
1 Freedom is to live peacefully and let the others live in peace as well. ن نعيش في سلام وندع الآخرين يعيشون في سلام أيضاً.	ا القومة ها				
ى كيس على معادم وسطح 14 سريل يديمون على معادم السبب. لى ان نعيش في سلام وندع الآخرين يعيشون في سلام أيضاً.	_				
ى أن نعيش في سلام ولا ندع الآخرين يعيشون في سلام أيضاً.					
ل ان نعيش في سلام وندع الآخرين يعيشون في سلام أيضاً.	. •				
2 We hope to put an end to illiteracy, unemployment and poverty.					
ع حد للبطالة والجهل والفقر. ب-نأمل في وضع حد للبطالة والامية والفقر.					
مع حد للبطالة والامية والحقد. د- نأمل في وضع حد للتلوث والامية والفقر.	ج- نأمل في وض				
B) Translate into English:					
ة على شبابها في تنفيذ المشروعات الصناعية والزراعية. Any notion depends on its youth in corrupt out agricultural and industrial out.					
a) Any nation depends on its youth in carrying out agricultural and industrial sub b) Any national depends on its youth in carrying out agricultural and industrial p	•				
c) Any nation depends on its youth in carrying out agricultural and industrial obj	-				
	Market Control of the				
في الحياة على الصبر والعمل الجاد في الحياة على الصبر والعمل الجاد					
a Success in life spends on patience and hard work.					
b Succeed in life depends on patience and hard work.					
c Success in life depends on patients and hard work.					
d Success in life depends on patience and hard job.					
Mr Hesham Unit five الوحدة الخامسة Mr	r: Hesham				
A Vocabulary and structure	V				
1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :					
1- We have asked an electrician to our new heater in the bathroom.					
a) instill b) install c) implant d) plant					
2-At last , I have managed to my favourite sporting club.					
a) tie b) link c) connect d) join					
3- I will go to a programmer to install the latest for my mobile					
a) software b) cover c) speaker d) hardware	e				
4- Please , I want to the new programs on your mobile.	(
a Success in life spends on patience and hard work. b Succeed in life depends on patience and hard work. c Success in life depends on patience and hard work. d Success in life depends on patience and hard work. d Success in life depends on patience and hard work. d Success in life depends on patience and hard work. d Success in life depends on patience and hard job. Mr Hesham Unit five A Vocabulary and structure 1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1- We have asked an electrician to	Ø				
5- I have problems with my tablet so the worker comes to help me.	Ø				
a) IT support b) workshop c) manual d)garden	-R-R-R-R				

Mr Hesham 34 Unit five الوحدة الخامسة 34 Mr: Hesham
6- I think artificial intelligence can't replace jobs
a)public b) interpersonal c) personnel d) private
7- Some people want their videos to become a among young men.
a) trend b) tend c) trade d) trim
8- I am writing this email to apply for the position of a student officer.
a)well-off b) wealthy c) welfare d) prosperity
9-The police are looking (on – into – to – up) the disappearance of two children
10- The good teacher who is able to change his according to the new topics .
a) technique b) road c) route d) rite
11- You can draw maps to help you memorize the new words easily.
a)brain b) mend c) mild d)mind
12-Artificial can change some jobs and make them dispense with human being
a) lakes b) intelligence c) limbs d) organs
13- I have missed some lessons and I need to up with my classmates
a)reach up b)catch up c) use up d) hold up
14- You can the microphone in order not to be heard by others .
a) raise b) arise c) mute d) multiply
15- The patient should be put in a not a real one to overcome his fears first.
a) virtual b) usual c) natural d) normal
16- We must make sure that everyone the meeting before we start.
a) hate b) dislike c) detest d) join
17- Turn your cameras (in – off – on of) so that you can see everyone.
18- Turn on is the synonym of (fetch – catch – reach – switch) on
19- All the prayers are kindly requested to turn their mobiles (in – on – off – of) in the mosque
20- I will buy a big (screen – cream – scarf – scream) to install it in the hall.
21-The students using technology at their schools are in need of an It worker. a) support b) export c) import d) community
22-the passengers on the train to each other to spend their time happily .
a) quarrel b) chat c) shout d) scold
23-We were taking to the other members but suddenly they stopped to
a) respond b) to respond c) responding d) to responding
24-The word clear is the synonym of the word
a) ambiguous b) mysterious c) complex d) obvious 25- Simple to simplify is like clear to
a) clerk b) clarify c) solidify d) clarification
26- I want to hear what you are listening to so don't the microphone.
a) mute b) moat c) multiply d) meet
26-Why is my internetis too slow?
a) relation b) connection c) collection d) correction
27-Sorry , I spilt the juice on the carpet by (incident – event – accident – accent)
28-You can look into other ways of in touch with your friends. a) stay b) to stay c) stayed d) staying



	Mr Hesham 35 Unit five	35 Mr: Hesham
	a) instant b) constant c) custom	d) instinct
	30- We are going to look other ways of sharing document	s online.
	a) after b) up c) into	d)down
	31-At least, I have this weekend to with the school wo	ork I missed.
	a) keep up b) turn up c) pick	d) catch up
Š	32-I can't hear what's on clearly. Please, turn the sound (on – dow	n – up - off)
X	33- We told her the sound was too loud so she turned it (on – down	n – of – up)
8	34-Which of recent changes in the world of work will bec	come more important ?
(S)	a) this b) that c) these	d) those
V	35- Companies doing more to help their with personal	problems.
þ	a) employees b) employers c) employment	d) unemployment
	36-I can do the exam in a of two hours .	
	a) timing b) space c) place d) timetable
	37-Parents should have more over their sons and daugh	nters .
	, ,	d) principles
X .	38- Are the on your mobile screen useful?	
	, , . , , , ,	l) apply
V	39-Employees send a lot (few – less – fewer – fewest) emails than	-
þ	40-We can use virtual meetings to communicate and	information.
	a) chat b) scar c) share	d) sharing
	41-Employess will be able to more decisions at work.	
	a) make b) do c) give d) ha	ave
	42- I admire my teacher a lot as he helps me my comp	plicated problems.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	a & b
	43lt is better for the environment if you work from (factories – co	
(7)	44- Mind is a creative way of bringing information about	
þ	a, 1949.	diary
	45- Make a study (plane – plan – plain – bat) before you start study	•
	46-(In – At – On – Of) the end of each line , you write a different pa	•
	47-How can i study more (efficient – effective – effectively – reflexi	
	48- Write the most important points about a topic on	
X	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	carts
	49-You could use the same colour cards for the similar	-
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	target
	50-If you have problems, don't get stressed or give (out – away – u	-
	51- You should think of (create – creation – creatively – creative)	
	52-Everyone has problems while are studying sometim	
	a) he b) she c) they	d) it
	53- I will ask my teacher to give me some study (taps - tips - tapes	
	54- I am asked to prepare ashowing how I plan a stu	
X	a) presentation b) present c) represent	d) representative
	55- You should choose the colours whichyour age	
	a) suite b) fit c) suit	d) sweat
\\	56- I need to let this shirt in so that it can (suite – suit – fit – sweat	
þ	57- Theshould respond to the manager's questions a	-
	a) interview b) interviewer c) interviewee	d) view

64- I hope to hear (of – about – from – with) you soon 65-This website always offers me a lot of upset (ties – joins – links – lakes) 66-There is a vacant job in our company. Why don't you apply (to – with – on - for) it 67-I reduced the essential information into a small mind (map – app – lap – ape) 68		Mr Hesham 36 Unit five الوحدة الخامسة 36 Mr: Hesham
59-You have missed a lot of lessons . You have to work hard to catch with the others. a) up b) down c) away d) for 60- You should pay for our goods (in – on – of – from) advance . 61		58- Could you this wire to the computer to be able to use the internet.
59-You have missed a lot of lessons . You have to work hard to catch with the others. a) up b) down c) away d) for 60- You should pay for our goods (in – on – of – from) advance . 61 intelligence will take control of more jobs in the future. a) False b) Artificial c) Synthetic d) Industrial 62-Human beings will continue doing jobs that need	\	
a) up b) down c) away d) for 60- You should pay for our goods (in – on – of – from) advance . 61	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
60- You should pay for our goods (in – on – of – from) advance . 61		
61	₹24	, , ,
a) False b) Artificial c) Synthetic d) Industrial 62-Human beings will continue doing jobs that need	Y	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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64- I hope to hear (of – about – from – with) you soon 65-This website always offers me a lot of upset (ties – joins – links – lakes) 66-There is a vacant job in our company. Why don't you apply (to – with – on - for) it 67-I reduced the essential information into a small mind (map – app – lap – ape) 68	Ĭ	·
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69- You should treat them kindly to improve your (picture – photo – photograph – image) 70- Another bad (error – err – mirror – arrow) that some students have is studying all night. 71-It is important to ——————————————————————————————————		
70- Another bad (error – err – mirror – arrow) that some students have is studying all night. 71-It is important to to study effectively the next day. a) switch on b) turn on c) switch d) switch off 72-Studying with all this noise around you will	1	
71-It is important to to study effectively the next day. a) switch on b) turn on c) switch d) switch off 72-Studying with all this noise around you willyou. Look for a quieter place. a) contract b) attract c) distract d) distinguish 73-He made lots of small changes to the cyclists' clothes, their diet and even their a) pillows b) below c) planets d) to look		
a) switch on b) turn on c) switch d) switch off 72-Studying with all this noise around you willyou. Look for a quieter place. a) contract b) attract c) distract d) distinguish 73-He made lots of small changes to the cyclists' clothes, their diet and even their a) pillows b) below c) planets d) stars 74- It is a waste of time at your mobile screen instead of studying.		,
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a) to look		
a) to look		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
a) to look	Š	9
a) to look		
a) to look b) looking c) looked d) to look 75- She got the second highest	Ψ.	
75- She got the second highest		
a) mark b) dark c) degree d) rank 76- A		·
76- A is a person who works in an office a) mechanic b) doctor c) waiter d) clerk 79 is a room or rooms in a house that a person rents a) lodging b) logical c) Jewellery d) belonging 80- To is to take legal responsibility for a person a) adapt b) adopt c) adjust d) adhere 81-To take is to do something bad because someone has upset you or made you sa a) reveal b) revenge c) conceal d) hide 82—A (fiancée – fierce – fiancé – fence) is a man who has promised to marry someone 83 To receive is to receive money from someone after they die a) inherited b) heir c) heiress d) inheritance 84- To is to formally promise to marry someone		a) mark b) dark c) degree d) rank
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a) inherited b) heir c) heiress d) inheritance 84- To is to formally promise to marry someone	Ň	83 To receiveis to receive money from someone after they die
84- Tois to formally promise to marry someone	Ø	a) inherited b) heir c) heiress d) inheritance
	9	84- To is to formally promise to marry someone
a) get engaged b) get lost c) get divorced d) get home	þ	
85- Tois to be brave enough to do something		
a) escape b) dare c) avoid d) evade		
86 -Tois to divide something so that each person gets a part of it	V	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a) shake b) shave c)share d) shine	Ĭ	



		9-9-9-6		07	
	Exercises on		تمارین فواعد	37	Mr: Hesham
-	does - doing) exercise				
	ts – got – to getting) wate				
, ,	ome as soon as they ha		•		ig – worked).
	t – getting – of getting – g				
1	swim – swam – to swimr		_	ars old.	
, , ,	os – slept – to sleeping –		•		
	yed (to play – with playir				
	orrow – borrow – borrowe				
	car (avoided – planned –				
-	with reading - to read – i	•		n't underst	and it.
-	oming – came – comes - t	•			
4	oid - plan – finish – pract	•			
· ·	ping – help - to help – he		• •		
1	(studying – studied – of s		• •		-
• • • •	isten - listening – listened	•		_	1
17-I never forget (1)	nd – to find - finding – fou	und) that ra	re old coin in t	ne garden.	I was 12 then.
18-5ne was doing (exercise, then she stop	pea (listeni	ng - to listen – I	Istenea – IIs	sten) to the radio.
	oning – to phone – phone				
	per (posted – post - to po				
1	regret (announce – anno	ouncea - to	announce – anr	nounces) th	e cancellation of
flight BA205 to Ma				\	
1 -	egretted (not having – no			-	
1	off the lights	s when I we	-	_	L/.
a) switch	b) to switch		switching	,	switched
	off the lig	_	-		witched (
a) switch	b) to switch	•	switching	•	switched
_	forward to (going – we	_	• ,	weekena.	, i
	after the dog, but			ط/ 4ء	run
a) run	b) running	,	running	,	run
a) spending	et so m b) to spend		₹	omputer.	d) spent
, , , ,	ays busy(do – doing –) to spending		u) spent
_	solve – solving – solves		•		
• '	l like (to work – work –	•	•	na compute	ar C
	to buy – buy – buying	•	,	•	
	to(fly – to fly – to flying			u tile silow	tonight.
-	ested(went - go – goin		-	the heach	, i
, ,	to phone – phoning – to	• •	•		
· ·	ed – to cook – be cook		• '		
,	to finish – finishing – fi	•	•		av?
	se (to play – playing – p		, ,	•	D.
=	ou should remember	-			
a) to take		c) to tak	•	d) to	
,	(to use- using – used –	,		,	
-	kept – keeping – keep-	•			
1		•	• , •	•	
142-You should ston	to(checked – check- o	checking o	thecks) social	media whi	le vou're studvin ë



	Mr Hesham 38 Exercises on grammar تمارين قواعد 38 Mr: Hesham
43-	You seem to (be- to be – to being - being) on video calls every evening!
7	My brother is learning (playing – play – plays - to play) the oud.
	When will you turn (of – off – up – on) the light. It bothers me and I want to sleep.
· ·	At last the Robinsons turned (on – off – up – down) at the end of the street.
V 1	Ahmed , Take off your shoes . This means that I ordered Ahmed to take
<i>~</i> 1 '	ake off them b) take them off c) take it off d) take off it
<i>7</i> 1	I couldn't find my mobile at home. I looked it everywhere but in vain.
,) after b) forward c) for d) after When does the plane take (in – of – off – away)
	Please , could you pick the children (off – of – in – of) from their school.
7	We look forward (with – to – of – in) the concert by Amr Diab .
	Your health is going to deteriorate . You must smoking.
~) give away b) give in c) give up d) give off
<i>v</i> ı <i>'</i>	My sister was washing up and went on (tidying – to tidy – tidied – tidy) her room.
7/1	We have an exam next week. This means (to study – studying - studied – studying) hard
	Mr Hesham Test five الاختبار الخامس Mr: Hesham
<u> </u>	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :
u	My friend stopped (eating – to eat – to eating – eat) junk food as it affects his health
Ø	
Ø 📖	ap and a personal
4 — ——————————————————————————————————	stand b) standing c) to stand d) to be standing
$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{u}$	reaching the school , I realised that I had forgotten my tablet at home .
<u>a)</u>	While b) During c) On d) As soon as
<u> </u>	Which sentence is correct?
0	There are two t's in the word —title. b. There are two ts in the word —title.
	There are two ts' in the word —title. d. There are two tt's in the word —title.
	After his uncle's death, he all his properties as he was the only heir
<u>a)</u>	inherited b) gave c) bought d) left
<u>6.</u>	My mobile stopped responding and the camera went wrong. I need to software.
a. 9	steal b. install c. put d. build
1	Adding a background to video conference calls is fun and easy to do verbal b. functional c. virtual d. virtue
	verbal b. functional c. virtual d. virtue The middle paragraphs of an essay are called
	topic paragraphs <u>b. body paragraphs</u> c. introductions d. conclusions
4	This coach can change his according to the teams he faces. He is creative
	coherence b. competition c. techniques d. uniform
10)- Don't (share – chat – divide – shake) your important documents with anyone.
7.1	-Please , the sound as I can't concentrate on my study
a.	raise b. increase c. mute d. high
- 12	I avoid (travels – to travel travelling – of travelling) into the city during the festival.
13	My parents suggested (go going – to go – gone) to the theatre.
14	I really want (going – gone – goes to go) to Hong Kong for the Chinese New Year
15	You should practise (speak – speaking – to speaking – speaks) English.
16	He hopes (to win – winning – wins – won) a prize for his schoolwork.
17	I regret (to go – goes going – gone) to the cinema. It was not a very good film



	Mr Hesham 39 The fifth test	39 Mr: Hesham				
18	She offered (taking to taking – to take – taken) me to the					
19	We finished (watching – to watch – watches – watched) a					
20	When did you decide(studied study – studying – to st	. ,				
21	We've arranged(to pick - pick - picked - picking) my	, ,				
22	Ali is planning (spent – to spend – spending – spend)					
23	I am going to look these words (in - up - down - for)					
24	By 2050, we will have run (out - away - into - in) petr	ol				
<u>2 R</u>	ead the following passage, then answer the questions:					
	centuries, people have tried to conquer nature. They ha	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	er rivers. But not all these efforts are successful. Bridges	•				
	en the pyramids in Egypt have problems, and the first fev					
	ople have built skyscrapers for years. It would seem safe	to assume that they know how to				
do						
/1	at is what a large company thought when it built its new t_soon_after_the_steel- and – glass_building_was_finis	•				
	shing all over the streets. One windy night, 65 windov					
	laced by plywood الأبلكاش.	is icii iiito tiic streets and nad to				
	at's when people started calling the building the 'plywoo	d palace". This continued for years				
•	ile a number of different solutions were tried, and lots of	• •				
	e construction company even said that it is normal for w	_				
but	that everyone was being unfair to criticize their building	alone.				
-	ally, investigators found a mistake in engineering. The b	•				
	sway too much in the wind . The problem is solved now,	and the windows have stopped				
	ing out.					
•	t the building still has one unusual feature. Every day a g					
	make sure the windows aren't starting to crack again. A					
•	npany, architects, engineers, and builders? "they're all swer the following questions:	in court, sumg each other.				
1	caused the problem.					
71 —	Engineers b) Lawyers c) Investigate	ors d) Guards				
	is a building tall enough to seem to touch th					
	A pyramid b) A headquarter c) A skyscra					
	The underlined word (this) refers to	,				
a) k	ouilding the "plywood palace" b) the name '	ʻplywood palace"				
c) c	criticizing the building d) the falling out of windows an	d replacing them by plywood ones				
4	The windows of this building are made of					
	glasses b) iron c) metal	d) thin sheets of wood				
7	Skyscrapers are usually built in					
	deserts b) villages c) large cities	, ,,,				
	6) The large buildings started to collapse due to					
a) examining them b) making excuses c) criticize the building d) their irregular shape						
7 The building got the name 'plywood palace" because						
,	a) It was made of plywood b) the walls were made of plywood					
c) the doors were made of plywood 8. What is strange about the "plywood palace" up till now 2.						
8 What is strange about the "plywood palace' up till now ? a)It collapses every day b) It is still made of plywood						
allt						



Mr Hesham	40	The	fifth test	40	Mr: Hesham
	adquarters mea	ns		- to (
a. to fall and brea			central building	where people	control business
c- skyscrapers	•		lywood palace	• •	
10 The best	title of this pas		<u> </u>		
a) unusual palac	e b) heado	uarters	c) unusual skys	craper	d) architects
Read the following					
Coffee, tea and so		•			The state of the s
	•		•		es, adults who use
products with caff				ghty milligrar	ns a day. This
equals the caffein				_	
<u>-</u>				•	s adults drink nearly
		_			feine from coffee.
In general, the mo		•		•	•
Yet a recent report			•		-
become depende					
a mental disorder				•	
<u>-</u>		_	•	• •	r become very sad
The researchers for		•		•	
activities .		•	-		r do other normal
These problems g	_		_		_
Ronald Griffiths of	•	•		•	_
1		•			imulant produces a
temporary increas	•	•			
•	•	•	•		caffeine in their diet.
			e from		l!l-a
a) tea	b) chocolate	•		d) soft d	Irinks
2-Stopping depe a) all of a sudde				d) slowl	.,
1 '	•	c) af	ter a year crease in energy.	d) slowl	y
a) impermanent			ermanent) lifelong
4-Some research	,	, .		· ·	•
			c) a physical d) a normal activity
, . ·	•		ducts with caffeir	· ·) a mormal activity
a) are healthy			c) are unhealth) are not easy to get
	•	•	•		affected when they:
a) get angry eas				pecome very s	_
c) get over 200 r	•	dav	•	having caffeir	
, ,	_	•	substance that	•	
a) mental			c) coffee	,	d) tea
8-Which types o	•		•		- ,
a) coffee	b) choco			at keep peopl	e awake d) tea
9-What does the	•		,		,
a) students	b) resear	_	c) people	d) dietitians
10-What are two	•		,		-
a) headaches	b) sleepir	ness	c) mental di	isease	d) a & b

	m
The government tries to solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of unemployment by providing the youth with joint and the solve the problem of the problem	ob
opportunities .	
معى الحكومة لزيادة مشكلة البطالة وذلك بتوفير فرص عمل للشباب	
سعى الحكومة للقضاء على مشكلة البطالة وذلك بتوفير فرص عمل للشيوخ	
سعى الحكومة للقضاء على مشكلة البطالة وذلك بتوفير فرص عمل للشباب	•
عى الحكومة للقضاء على مشكلة التوظيف وذلك بتوفير فرص عمل للشباب	
Tourism is considered a main source of national income so we should attract more tourist	
تبر السياحة مصدرا من مصادر الاقتصاد القومي ولذا علينا ان نجذب الكثبر من السياح . تعتبر السياحة مصدرا من مصادر الدخل القومي ولذا علينا ان نجذب الكثير من السباحين .	
. تعبر السياحة مصدرا من مصادر الدخل القومي ولذا علينا ان نجذب القليل من السياح . نعتبر السياحة مصدرا من مصادر الدخل القومي ولذا علينا ان نجذب القليل من السياح .	
عتبر السياحة مصدرا من مصادر الدخل الاسري ولذا علينا ان نجذب مزيدا من السياح . عتبر السياحة مصدرا من مصادر الدخل الاسري ولذا علينا ان نجذب مزيدا من السياح .	
ا لاشك فيه أن للتلوث اثار سيئة على البيئة سواء كان ذلك للانسان او الحيوان او النبات.	
a) Doubtless, pollution has nice effects on the environment whether it is man, animal or pla	
b)Doubtless, pollution has bad affection on the environment whether it is man, animal or p	
c)Doubtless .pollution has bad effects on the environment weather it is man, animal or plan	
d)Doubtless. pollution has bad effects on the environment whether it is man, animal or pla	
اومة الارهاب واجب قومي وديني.	مق
a)Confronting terrorism is a national and religious duty.	
b)Confronting tourism is a national and religious duty.	
c)Confronting terrorism is a rational and religious duty. d) Facing autism is religious duty	
Mr: Hesham Unit six الوحدة السادسية Mr: Hesham	
1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	
1-It is a good idea to vary the place where you study. Vary here means	
a) relax b) change c) clean d) tidy	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
2-Ine first thing to do is to now you remember things best.	
2-The first thing to do is to how you remember things best. a) assess b) access c) axis d) assist	
a) assess b) access c) axis d) assist 3-Remember that your concentration to reduce after thirty minutes. a) leads b) objects c) tends d)opposes	
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a) assess b) access c) axis d) assist 3-Remember that your concentration	one
a) assess b) access c) axis d) assist 3-Remember that your concentration	one.

الوحدة السادسة Unit six الوحدة السادسة	42 Mr: Hesham
13- Your revision is not enough . You must be more	to achieve your goals.
a) product b) productive c) inefficient	, •
14- You need to (do – make – spend – have) good work but	~
15- You have to what you have achieved from times	_
a) repress يكبت b) mix c) assess	d) confess
16-Listen to an expert(on – of – with – about)productivity to the state of the stat	=
a) score b) miss c) achieve	y . d) fail
18-Can everyone raise (he –his – her – their) productivity le	,
19 where you can concentrate the best and got t	_
a) Vary b) Progress c) Raise	d) Assess
20- (Most – Most of – Must – Mast) the girls work hard .	
21- Does more than one task at the same time make it	•
a) doing b) did c) do	d) done
22- In these (diary – dairy – diaries – daily) , they wrote dow 23- We asked a lot of students to make a change to their stu	
a) habits b) customs c) customary	
24- Our analysis of the students' diaries resulted	•
a) of b) in c) from	d) about
25- On the hand , most students' productivity leve	els declined significantly .
a) other b) another c) others	d) once
26- (In – On – At – Off) conclusion, we can state that studyi	
27-The effects of other factors on students , dep	_
a) carry b) come c) vary	d) cut
28-Alcohol is the most common of road accidents	1)
a) reason b) result c) effect	d) cause
29-His parents' divorce had a negative (affect – effect – action	,
30- How many students are taking part in the ses	
a) brainstorming b) sandstorm c) storm	d) burnout
31-The teacher makes everyone takes part in the (session –	•
32-In brainstorming sessions , talk about the pros and	
a) merits b) advantages c upside	d) cons
33-Are you happy with the decision you in brainst	<u>-</u>
a) make b) take c) do	d) have
34-What stops you from being as productive you	could be?
a) than b) so c) as	d) then
35- I was happy to (share – divide – eat – feed) the taxi fare	with another passenger.
36- The coach (shared – divided – cut – hit) the players into	two groups.
37-I can understand the (logical – illogical – logic – logically) of doing this .
38- When I study , I always have a break betweer	າ sessions.
a) 5 - minute b) 5 - minutes c) 5 – minute	s' d) 5 – minute's
39- The antonym of drawback is (disadvantages – demerits	– cons – merits)
40-If you want to get up at dawn , you should (set – sat – sit	– to set) an alarm. It is helpful

	Mr Hesham 44 Unit si	الوحدة السادسة x	43	Mr: Hesham
Ø	41- I decided to (do – make – give – spe	nd) the most diffici	ult task first.	
Ø	42-Time management has a positive imp	pact (in – of – on – a	about) my produc	tivity.
	43- When you make a change in your life	e, you need to	it .	
0	a) evaluate b) know	c) see	d) recognis	se
0	44-Evaluate the effects to decide	to continue with	the change or try	something else .
Ø	a) when b) whether	c) weather	d) wither	-
	45- In order not to muddle on. You shou	ld make a study (pl	an – pan – plane -	- plain)
Ø	46- As i am a cyclist , I have bought nev	v ear (plugs – bags	– glasses – pugs)
Ø V	47- When I searched " pollution " on the	internet, I found a	lot of	
Ø Y	a) founding b) found	c) findings	d) foundat	tion
Ø	48-Disease was an consequ	ence of poor living	conditions.	
Ø	a) inevitable b) evitable	c) lively	d) Procra	stinated.
Ø V	49- I don't think they have a	chance of winning.		
Ø V	a) fact b) unrealistic	c) realistic	d) fiction	
Ø V	50-The antonym of the word realistic is ((tiny – factual – unr	realistic – real)	
	51- The good student makes a study pla	n and never	his homework	ι.
	a) does b) makes c) r	procrastinates	d) achieves.	
Ĭ	52- The synonym of the word result is (consequence – seq	uence – schedule	- core)
Ĭ	53- This is the (wrest – wrist – rest – te	est) that I always w	ear my watch on.	
Y .	54-My sister told me how proud she was	of me and smiled -		
Ž.	a) affectionately b) fictional	c) angrily	d) luckily	
Ĭ	55-I have cleaned and polished my shoe	s .They look (dusty	y – dirty – shy – sh	iny)
Š		•		
Ĭ	57-I have been feeling recently		nad a lot of import	ant exams.
Š	a) annoyed b) angry	c) furious	d) anxious	
Š	58- It's how popular that app		dy expected it!	
	a) amazed b) surprised	•	d) remar	
	59-The prisoner was given a sentence (•	crimes.
	60- I always wear t-shirts with long			
	a) selfie b) sofa	c) sleeves	d) selve	es .
	61- if I don't her the truth now , my lies w			
	a) help b) haunt	c) hound	d) hay	
	62-The parent told the child to			
	a) catch b) leave	c) hold	d) have	;
	63- The doctor told her patient that they			
	a) scar b) scared	c) sacred	d) scary	/
	64- He is very about tennis	•		
	a) enthusiastic b) enthusiasm	c) interested	•	
	65-The footballer signed the t-shirt at the			
	a) require b) request	c) inquire	d) enquire.	ı



1- Parents should their children to limit the amount of time they spend using mobile phone a get b) have c) let d) make 2: They should also get them		Mr Hesham 44 Exercises on grammar تمارین قواعد Mr: Hesham					
3-They	3						
3-They ten students move into a house with a mobile phone mast in the garden. a) had b) has c) got d) get 4I	3	<u> </u>					
3-They ten students move into a house with a mobile phone mast in the garden. a) had b) has c) got d) get 4I	3						
a) had b) has c) got d) get 4I	8						
4 - I	(V)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
a) made b) had c) let d) got 7-Mother had Shaimaa (tidy - to tidy - tiding - to tidying) her room before she went out. 8-Before the meeting, the manager always gets the reports (to type - type - typed / typing.) 9-Dina (allowed - make - has - does) the flat cleaned every week 10- The PE teacher had us (ran - run - to run - running) around the playground four times . 11-If you don't know how to use the computer , (let - make - have -get) your son to help you . 12-How often do you get your teeth (check - to check -checking - checked) at the dentist's. 13-We are eating in a restaurant tonight because our parents our kitchen painted. a) had b) have c) are having d) have to 14- I can't use my bike because I am having it (repaired - to repair - repairing - be repaired) 16- We don't always (had - have - will have - are having) our car washed. 17- My parents get the plants (water - watering - to water - watered) at the weekend. 18- I (have - will have - am having - had) my house decorated next week. 19- she had me help her . Had means (persuaded - delivered - told - asked) 17- Cancer is a terrible (toxic -ill - sick - illness) that people of any age can get. 18- Leila usually (would have - has - is having - has to) her teeth checked twice a year. 19-Our house has been much less hot since my father(put - did - installed - made) air conditioning 20- Wait there and I'll (have - get - let - make) Yasser to help you with those bags. 21- My father (got - had - has - caused) me tidy my room this morning. 22- It is not always easy to get a mobile phone (sign - noise - side - signal) in the desert.	V.	1 10 10					
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		21- My father (got – had – has – caused) me tidy my room this morning.					
23- I usually							
a make my hair b have cut my hair c get my hair d have my hair cut 24 - You can		23- I usually once a month.					
a printing your name b have put your name c get your name printed d get printed your name 25- Yesterday, we (have had – have - have to – had to have) our roof repaired after the storm. 26 I didn't understand the homework so I							
25- Yesterday, we (have had – have - have to – had to have) our roof repaired after the storm. 26 I didn't understand the homework so I							
25- Yesterday, we (nave nad – nave - nave to – nad to nave) our root repaired after the storm. 26 I didn't understand the homework so I	Ŋ.						
a had b got c was having d was had 27- The teacher (got – caused-had – allowed) us copy the notes from the blackboard. 28- His disease (allowed – let – stopped – caused) him from going to the party 29- My mother allowed me (to watch – watch – watching – watched) the match . 30- I have got my homework (made – done – makes – does) already . Mr Hesham Test six "Mr Hesham 1- I will have watched the film	X.						
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Mr Hesham Test six الاختبار السادس Mr: Hesham 1- I will have watched the film	3	30- I have got my homework (made – done – makes – does) already .					
1- I will have watched the film	8	Mr: Hesham Test six الاختبار السادس Mr: Hesham					
a) at b) by c) in d) on 2- The Egyptian Museum at nine o'clock tomorrow . a) opens b) will open c) is opening d) is going to open		1- I will have watched the film 10 : 00 .					
2- The Egyptian Museum at nine o'clock tomorrow . a) opens b) will open c) is opening d) is going to open	8						
a) opens b) will open c) is opening d) is going to open	Ø						
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الاختبار السادس Test six Mr Hesham Mr: Hesham Garlic is just one herb which has been used throughout the world as a cure for diseases as it is used to treat hair problems. Similarly, henna, which is known to be good for the hair, can also be used in the treatment of cancer. If you pay a visit to a herbalist shop in Cairo, you will be struck by the different colours and smells. There are jars full of tree barks, roots, powders, oils and spices. The customer enters the shop and explains his symptoms to the herbalist, who will take notes, study medica reports and check his reference books before writing out a prescription. However, eighty per cent of those cent of those who consult a herbalist have already been to a doctor. As a result of the worldwide interest in herbal medicines , Egypt has set aside 50,000 acres of land in Beni Suef and Minya for the cultivation of herbs with medicinal properties. If this experiment is successf lots of countries may import natural hers from Egypt in the near future. Choose the correct answer: 1 Natural remedies are attracting attention because they...... b) are used in Egypt a) have side effects c) can treat a lot of diseases d) are exported from Egypt 2 Garlic is on example of a) Natural remedies b) artificial herbs c) chemical medicines d) modern drugs of those who consult a herbalist have already been to a doctor. b) Most a) No one 4 The word "increasing" here means...... b) decreasing c) more d) minimum a) less 5 A herbalist writes out a prescription..... checking his reference books a) after b) during c) while d) before Egypt is expected to natural herbs in the near future. a) import b) buy c) export d) manufacture 7 Are all modern drugs based on plants? c) I don't know a) Yes, all b) No , some d) for sure 8 How many examples of herbal medicines are there in the passage? a) four b) five c) six 9 How may the worldwide interest in herbal medicine benefit Egypt? b) through selling goods a) via exporting goods c) By importing goods d) By giving goods 10 The best title for the passage is c) The herbalist a) Herbal medicine b)Modern drugs d) Egypt herbs Read the passage then answer the questions: My name is Sally. Last week, I had a very bad day. It was really a nightmare! I had a job. Interview. One morning but I forgot to set the alarm clock. I overslept and couldn't have a shower or breakfast. I went to the garage putting on my shoes and setting my hair at the same time. The car wouldn't start, and I was only able to make it work at the third time I tried. The traffic was awful and I arrived at the parking garage 5 minutes before the interview. Luckily I found a spot, but a guy in a red Mercedes tried to take it. I cut him off and managed to put my car there and – of course - he didn't like it, he complained not in a nice way and I had to tell him what I think of people like him. I was quarreling with that foolish person when I slammed my finger in the car door, and I was so nervous that I didn't notice the keys were still in the car and locked it. <u>didn't have time to deal with it at that moment, so I rushed to arrive for the interview on time</u>



(a)	Mr Hesham 47 Test six الاختبار السادس 47 Mr: Hesham	
	nd guess who the interviewer was: the guy I met at the parking garage! I wish I hadn't	
	jotten up today.	_
	Why did the writer oversleep?	
	She forgot about the interview. b) She didn't have an alarm clock.	
~_	t) The alarm clock didn't go off. d) She didn't set the alarm clock.	<u>,</u>
W-	Sally managed to put her car in the parking spot as	<u> </u>
	b) She was late for the interview. b) She overslept. d) She didn't have time at that moment.	
	The underlined word 'it' refers to	, l
	a) the car b) the keys c) Sally's finger d) the parking spot	<u> </u>
	The underlined word 'slammed' probably means	1
	i) fell b) ran c) hit d) shut	_
	We understand from the passage that Sally talked to the man	
X-	a)politely b) nicely c) persuasively d) harshly	_
	The opposite of the underlined word <u>'awful'</u> is	
	a) terrible b) bad c) wonderful d) kind	_
	What two things did Sally do at the same time?	
Ĭ_	a) putting on her shoes b) putting on her clothes c) setting her hair d) both a & c	_
	How would you feel after a day like that?]
\L	relaxed b) convenient c) miserable d) lucky	<u>,</u>
₩	9 9-What do you think happened at the interview?	<u> </u>
7	b) She was accepted b) She was treated kindly	
	s) she was rewarded d) She got the job What could be the best title for this passage?	_
_	a) a suitable parking b) bad behaviour c) a job interview d) a sad experience	_
	1 Citizenship means that all citizens have the same rights and duties.	
ζŪ	ا- المواطنة هي ان يتساوى أبناء الوطن الواحد فيما لهم من حقوق و ما عليهم من واجبات.	_
0.00.00	ب-الوطنية هي ان يتساوى أبناء الوطن الواحد فيما لهم من حقوق و ما عليهم من واجبات.	
	ج-المواطنة هي ان يتساوى أبناء الوطن الواحد فيما للهم من حقوق و ما عليهم من ديون.	
0	د المواطنة هي ان يتساوى أبناء الوطن الواحد فيما لهم من حقول و ما عليهم من واجبات.	
9	Religions and civilizations dialogue opens the door to close the gap between western ar	d
	eastern culture.	
9	ا- يفتح محادثة الديانات و الحضارات الباب لانهاء الفجوة بين الثقافة الشرقية و الغربية. أت من المراددة المراد المراد المراد الباب لانهاء الفجوة بين الثقافة الشرقية والغربية.	
	ب- يفتح حوار الديانات و الحضارات الباب لتوسيع الفجوة بين الثقافة الشرقية و الغربية. - فتح مدار الديانات مالوه المتعالمات الإمام الأفورة بين الثقافة الثيرة قرة مالفرسة.	
	ـ يفتح حوار الديانات و الحضارات الباب لانهاء الفجوة بين الثقافة الشرقية و الغربية. دـ يفتح حوار الديانات و الحضارات الباب لانهاء الفجوة بين الزراعة الشرقية و الغربية.	
	- ينتع سورر التيانات و المستحدون في حب و طننا الغالي مصر. - كلنا متحدون مسامون ومسيحيون في حب و طننا الغالي مصر.	٣
	a)We are all united Muslims and Christians in hating our dear country Egypt.	_
	b)We are all united Muslims and Christians in loving our deer country Egypt.	
	c)We are all united Muslims and Christ in loving our dear country Egypt.	
	d)We are all united Muslims and Christians in loving our dear country Egypt.	
	- إن تحديد النسل و تنظّيم الأسرة يؤدي إلى رفع مستوي المعيشة ووضع حد لمشاكلنا الحالية.	٤
y ·	a)Birth control and family planning will lead to rise living standard and put an end to our	
	current problems.	
	b)Birth control and family planning will lead to raise living standard and put an end to our	
	current problems.	₩.